

Report of the Director of Audit

on the Accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the year ended 31 March 2023

October 2023

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF AUDIT ON THE ACCOUNTS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE HONG KONG SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023



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30 October 2023

The President of the Legislative Council, Legislative Council Complex, Hong Kong.

Sir,

In accordance with section 12(1) of the Audit Ordinance (Cap. 122), I have the honour to submit the Report on my examination and audit of the Accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the year ended 31 March 2023, and on matters relating to the performance of my duties and the exercise of my powers under the Ordinance, together with a copy of the following statements duly certified by me:

- the Statement of Assets and Liabilities of the Government and the
 Statement of Receipts and Payments by the Government; and
- the Statement of Assets and Liabilities of each fund, and the Statement of Receipts and Payments by each fund, other than the Lotteries Fund, established in accordance with section 29 of the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2).

Yours faithfully,

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Prof. LAM Chi Yuen Nelson

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Report of the Director of Audit



General Revenue Account

Independent Auditor's Report To the President of the Legislative Council

Opinion

I certify that I have examined and audited the financial statements of the General Revenue Account set out on pages 10 to 24, which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2023, and the statement of receipts and payments for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the financial statements of the General Revenue Account are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) and section 11(1) of the Audit Ordinance (Cap. 122).

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with section 12(1) of the Audit Ordinance and the Audit Commission auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of my report. I have fulfilled the independence and other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those standards. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other information

The Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the Accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the year ended 31 March 2023 published by the Treasury, other than the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Director of Accounting Services' responsibilities for the financial statements

In accordance with section 16(1) of the Public Finance Ordinance, the Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the compilation and supervision of the accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, for the management of accounting operations and procedures, and for ensuring that all regulations, directions or instructions made or given under the Public Finance Ordinance relating thereto and in respect of the safe custody of public moneys and its accounting are complied with.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the General Revenue Account's internal control; and

 evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the Director of Accounting Services and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures.

I communicate with the Director of Accounting Services regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Prof. LAM Chi Yuen Nelson Director of Audit

27 October 2023

Audit Commission 6th Floor, High Block Queensway Government Offices 66 Queensway Hong Kong

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Assets			
Investments with the Exchange Fund	3	264,241,584	400,826,644
Deposits with banks	4	510,222	547,906
Cash and bank balances	5	3,466,182	3,177,226
Advances	6	4,920,802	3,637,283
Suspense Accounts	7	132,526	88,590
		273,271,316	408,277,649
Liabilities			
Deposits	8	(23,673,272)	(23,632,431)
Suspense Accounts	7	(42,898)	(58,219)
		(23,716,170)	(23,690,650)
		249,555,146	384,586,999
Representing:			
General Revenue Balance			
Balance at beginning of year		384,586,999	464,728,537
Deficit for the year		(135,031,853)	(80,141,538)
Balance at end of year	9, 10	249,555,146	384,586,999

Notes 1 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Cash and bank balances at beginning of year		3,177,226	2,972,862
Revenue	11	567,518,656	528,243,491
Expenditure	12	(702,550,509)	(608,385,029)
Deficit for the year		(135,031,853)	(80,141,538)
Other cash movements	13	135,320,809	80,345,902
Cash and bank balances at end of year		3,466,182	3,177,226

Notes 1 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated)

1. Purpose and Legislation

- (i) The Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) provides for the control and management of the public finances of Hong Kong and for incidental and connected purposes. The General Revenue Account records moneys raised or received for the purposes of the Government (except where provided otherwise in other Ordinances) and appropriations of expenditure in accordance with the Appropriation Ordinance and the Supplementary Appropriation Ordinance.
- (ii) The Statement of Assets and Liabilities and the Statement of Receipts and Payments of the General Revenue Account constitute the statement of the assets and liabilities and the annual statement of the receipts and payments of the Government as specified in section 11(1)(a) and (b) of the Audit Ordinance (Cap. 122). These Statements exclude the assets and liabilities and the receipts and payments of the Funds established under section 29 of the Public Finance Ordinance, viz Capital Works Reserve Fund, Capital Investment Fund, Civil Service Pension Reserve Fund, Disaster Relief Fund, Innovation and Technology Fund, Land Fund, Loan Fund, Lotteries Fund and Bond Fund, for which separate financial statements are prepared.

2. Accounting Policies

- (i) The General Revenue Account is kept on a cash basis. Transactions are recorded when moneys are received or paid. The Statement of Assets and Liabilities does not include fixed assets, loans, investments other than those made under section 26 of the Public Finance Ordinance, and debtors and creditors other than those covered by sections 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 27 and 30 of the Public Finance Ordinance.
- (ii) For the purposes of these financial statements, a contingent liability is defined as:
 - (a) a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Government; or
 - (b) a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:
 - it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or
 - the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.
- (iii) Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Foreign currency balances are translated into Hong Kong dollars at weighted average cost.

3. Investments with the Exchange Fund

(i) These are investments and deposits held under section 26 of the Public Finance Ordinance:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Investments (Notes (ii) to (iv) below)	264,237,571	400,819,822
Deposits	4,013	6,822
	264,241,584	400,826,644

3. Investments with the Exchange Fund (*Continued*)

- (ii) The investments represent the cost of investments together with the investment income received in the year being reported.
- (iii) Pursuant to the Financial Secretary's decision announced in the 2016-17 Budget, as from 1 July 2016, a top-up allocation of \$4.8 billion was made from the General Revenue Account to the Future Fund. The Future Fund was established on 1 January 2016 as a notional savings account within the fiscal reserves. Together with the top-up allocation, it was placed with the Exchange Fund for securing higher investment returns over a ten-year investment period in accordance with an arrangement entered into with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority in December 2015. In October 2022, the arrangement was extended for a further five-year period. Investment return on the Future Fund placement is determined annually based on a composite rate (-3.0% and 17.8% for the calendar years 2022 and 2021 respectively) computed on a weighted average basis with reference to the agreed rate under the Investment Portfolio (Note (iv) below) and the annual rate of return linked with the performance of the Long-Term Growth Portfolio. The Future Fund, together with investment return not received and compounded on an annual basis, is retained within the Exchange Fund until 31 December 2030 or upon decision of the Financial Secretary for withdrawal, whichever is the earlier. In respect of the General Revenue Account portion of \$4.8 billion, such accumulated investment return not received as revenue amounted to \$3.69 billion as at 31 December 2022 (2021: \$3.89 billion), including the investment loss for the calendar year 2022 of \$0.20 billion (2021: investment return of \$1.36 billion). As announced in the 2021-22 Budget Speech, the accumulated investment return on the Future Fund would be brought back to the Government's accounts and recorded as investment income on a progressive basis starting from 2021-22. During the financial year 2022-23, no amount of the accumulated investment return on the Future Fund attributable to the General Revenue Account was brought back and recorded as investment income (2022: Nil).
- (iv) The part of the fiscal reserves outside the Future Fund (Note (iii) above) is referred to as Operating and Capital Reserves. Investment income on the Operating and Capital Reserves placement with the Exchange Fund is calculated, in accordance with an arrangement entered into with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority in 2007, on the basis of the average annual investment return of the Exchange Fund's Investment Portfolio for the past six years or the average annual yield of three-year government bond (replacing the three-year Exchange Fund Notes with effect from 1 January 2016) for the previous year subject to a minimum of zero percent, whichever is the higher. The rate of return for the calendar year 2022 was 5.6% (2021: 4.7%). The annual investment income is receivable on 31 December each year.

4. Deposits with Banks

These are Hong Kong dollar and foreign currency deposits placed with licensed banks in Hong Kong for investment under section 26 of the Public Finance Ordinance:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Hong Kong dollar	44,879	60,201
Foreign currency	465,343	487,705
	510,222	547,906

5. Cash and Bank Balances

These balances cover cash in hand, in transit, with banks and agents, and with public officers for operating standing or special imprest accounts as provided under section 22 of the Public Finance Ordinance.

6. Advances

Advances are paid under the authority of warrants issued under section 20 of the Public Finance Ordinance for a variety of reasons and are either recoverable or chargeable to expenditure upon authority being given:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Advances to Government officers	2,328,090	1,335,372
Expenditure on Vietnamese migrants (Note (i) below)	1,161,991	1,161,991
Payments on behalf of non-departmental public bodies, trading funds and non-statutory corporations wholly-owned by Government	485,950	523,040
Others	944,771	616,880
	4,920,802	3,637,283

(i) The sum of \$1,161.991 million is the outstanding balance of expenditure on Vietnamese migrants recoverable from the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR). In January 1998, the High Commissioner for Refugees informed the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HKSAR) that in the absence of further funding prospects, the repayment of \$3.865 million in February 1998 was the last reimbursement that the UNHCR could realistically foresee. If the UNHCR defaults on repayment of the outstanding advances, the Government of the HKSAR will not be able to enforce repayment through legal means as the UNHCR is immune from suit under the International Organizations and Diplomatic Privileges Ordinance (Cap. 190). Consequently, the full recovery of the amount due is doubtful.

During the financial year 2022-23, the Government of the HKSAR continued to pursue the repayment of the outstanding advances from the UNHCR and to urge it to make renewed efforts to look for donations with a view to settling the amount. So far, the Government of the HKSAR has not received any further repayments.

Efforts to press the UNHCR for early settlement of the outstanding advances will continue. The Government of the HKSAR takes note of the Public Accounts Committee's suggestion to the Panel on Security in March 2020 that the Government of the HKSAR should re-consider writing off the outstanding payment, and will carefully consider the suggestion.

7. Suspense Accounts

These Suspense Accounts are established under Resolutions passed by the Legislative Council under section 30 of the Public Finance Ordinance:

	2023	2022
	\$'000	\$'000
Assets:		
Correctional Services Industries (Note (i) below)	59,379	28,825
Government Logistics Department — Unallocated Stores (Note (i) below)	72,613	59,231
The Financial Secretary Incorporated (Note (ii) below)	534	534
	132,526	88,590
Liabilities:		
The Special Coin (Note (iii) below)	(42,898)	(58,219)
Net balance	89,628	30,371

(i) The balances on the Correctional Services Industries Suspense Account and the Government Logistics Department — Unallocated Stores Suspense Account represent the cost of stocks in hand.

7. Suspense Accounts (Continued)

- (ii) The balance on The Financial Secretary Incorporated Suspense Account represents the net amount arising from dealing with the regrant or renewal of Government Leases and managing the properties comprised therein.
- (iii) The balance on The Special Coin Suspense Account represents the unutilised balance of net proceeds arising from issuing and dealing with special and commemorative coins.

8. Deposits

These are moneys received from time to time from individuals or organisations under sections 23 and 24 of the Public Finance Ordinance for a variety of reasons and are in due course either repayable or transferable to General Revenue:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Tax reserve certificates	13,887,320	14,526,711
Water deposits	2,047,862	2,010,073
Tenancy deposits	1,786,057	1,838,155
Tax overpayments	1,287,071	961,729
Legal aid deposits	933,253	1,109,586
Private works	438,243	419,307
Others	3,293,466	2,766,870
	23,673,272	23,632,431

9. Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 March 2023, the Government had the following contingent liabilities:

- (i) guarantees provided under the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme 100% Guarantee Product amounting to \$97,152 million (2022: \$75,915 million);
- (ii) guarantee to the Hong Kong Export Credit Insurance Corporation for liabilities under contracts of insurance amounting to \$44,078 million (2022: \$40,316 million);
- (iii) guarantees provided under the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme Special Concessionary Measures amounting to \$33,558 million (2022: \$30,988 million);
- (iv) guarantees provided under the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme 90% Guarantee Product amounting to \$10,701 million (2022: \$9,277 million);
- (v) legal claims, disputes and proceedings amounting to \$3,702 million (2022: \$3,703 million);
- (vi) guarantees provided under the SME Loan Guarantee Scheme amounting to \$1,602 million (2022: \$2,399 million); and
- (vii) guarantees provided under the Special Loan Guarantee Scheme amounting to \$185 million (2022: \$214 million).

10. Commitments

The balances of non-recurrent and capital funding approvals that were unspent were as follows:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Non-recurrent expenditure	119,372,331	125,340,315
Plant, vehicles and equipment	13,991,741	13,657,420
Capital subventions	3,137,481	3,103,634
Capital works	220,810	269,026
	136,722,363	142,370,395

11. Revenue

Analysis of total revenue by Head:

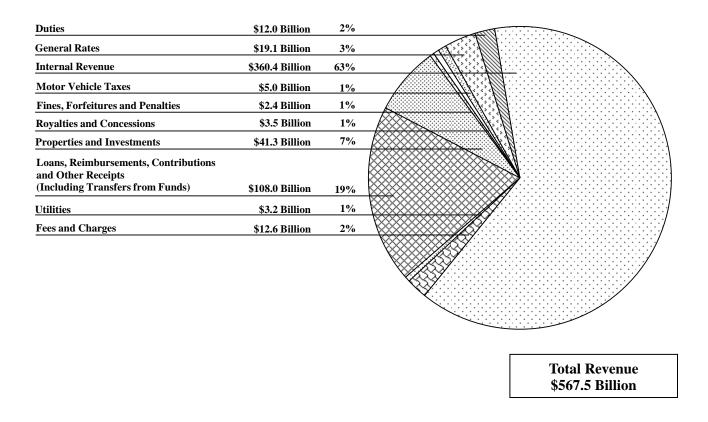
		2023				
Не	ad	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Over/(Under) the Estimate \$'000	Variance %	Actual \$'000
1	Duties	12,836,639	11,982,051	(854,588)	(6.7)	12,467,324
2	General Rates	18,982,000	19,099,987	117,987	0.6	19,255,931
3	Internal Revenue					
	Profits tax	167,660,000	174,212,471	6,552,471	3.9	167,335,572
	Salaries tax	72,850,000	79,490,374	6,640,374	9.1	75,570,184
	Stamp duties	113,000,000	69,976,545	(43,023,455)	(38.1)	99,677,267
	Other internal revenue	36,697,540	36,788,233	90,693	0.2	35,932,206
		390,207,540	360,467,623	(29,739,917)	(7.6)	378,515,229
4	Motor Vehicle Taxes	6,773,000	4,966,455	(1,806,545)	(26.7)	6,166,841
5	Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	2,029,098	2,369,570	340,472	16.8	2,594,077
6	Royalties and Concessions	3,544,160	3,483,872	(60,288)	(1.7)	5,794,638
7	Properties and Investments					
	Income from Investments with the Exchange Fund (Note (i) below)	-	15,246,442	-	-	25,099,306
	Others	-	26,074,393	-	-	22,976,994
		41,219,260	41,320,835	101,575	0.2	48,076,300
9	Loans, Reimbursements, Contributions and Other Receipts	108,620,349	108,008,337	(612,012)	(0.6)	40,619,080
10	Utilities	3,643,391	3,202,054	(441,337)	(12.1)	3,199,687
11	Fees and Charges	12,942,166	12,617,872	(324,294)	(2.5)	11,554,384
	Total	600,797,603	567,518,656	(33,278,947)	(5.5)	528,243,491

11. Revenue (Continued)

(i) Pursuant to the Financial Secretary's directives, the investment incomes of the General Revenue Account for the calendar years 2014 and 2015 totalling \$40.99 billion (comprising \$14.84 billion for 2014 and \$26.15 billion for 2015), along with the investment incomes on other parts of the fiscal reserves for the two years, were set aside and retained within the Exchange Fund for the Housing Reserve, and not received in the respective financial years 2014-15 and 2015-16. The Housing Reserve was established in December 2014. As explained in the 2015-16 Budget Speech, the Housing Reserve is to provide financial resources to meet the ten-year public housing supply target. The investment income retained within the Exchange Fund earns the same rate of investment return as stipulated in Note 3(iv). As announced in the 2019-20 Budget Speech, the Housing Reserve would be brought back to the Government's accounts and recorded as investment income over four financial years from 2019-20 to 2022-23. At the same time, \$82.37 billion (the balance of the Housing Reserve as at 31 December 2018 which included \$46.44 billion from the General Revenue Account) was earmarked for public housing development.

During the financial year 2022-23, no amount was brought back from the Housing Reserve to the General Revenue Account (2022: \$6 billion). As at 31 March 2023, there was no investment income and accumulated investment return (i.e. up to calendar year 2022) not received and recorded by the General Revenue Account and retained for the Housing Reserve (2022: Nil).

Analysis of Revenue for the year ended 31 March 2023



12. Expenditure

Analysis of total expenditure by Head:

		2023				2022
Head	1	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Over/(Under) the Estimate \$'000	Variance %	Actual \$'000
21	Chief Executive's Office	124,557	125,969	1,412	1.1	121,016
22	Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department	2,062,883	1,989,469	(73,414)	(3.6)	1,885,884
25	Architectural Services Department	2,548,412	2,581,897	33,485	1.3	2,605,037
24	Audit Commission	194,968	190,688	(4,280)	(2.2)	184,867
23	Auxiliary Medical Service	108,149	101,355	(6,794)	(6.3)	105,467
82	Buildings Department	1,877,937	1,877,838	(99)	-	1,875,098
26	Census and Statistics Department	786,767	741,589	(45,178)	(5.7)	1,000,826
27	Civil Aid Service	129,635	126,474	(3,161)	(2.4)	136,783
28	Civil Aviation Department	1,303,008	1,287,216	(15,792)	(1.2)	1,219,690
33	Civil Engineering and Development Department	2,845,271	2,850,129	4,858	0.2	2,832,065
30	Correctional Services Department	5,168,088	5,010,468	(157,620)	(3.0)	4,739,953
31	Customs and Excise Department	5,758,534	5,467,082	(291,452)	(5.1)	5,172,885
37	Department of Health	26,273,769	20,605,826	(5,667,943)	(21.6)	20,409,173
92	Department of Justice	2,348,334	1,822,831	(525,503)	(22.4)	1,873,389
39	Drainage Services Department	3,447,176	3,466,991	19,815	0.6	3,223,911
42	Electrical and Mechanical Services Department	1,754,417	1,677,984	(76,433)	(4.4)	1,535,939
44	Environmental Protection Department	9,151,948	7,720,001	(1,431,947)	(15.6)	7,479,474
45	Fire Services Department	8,543,769	8,235,618	(308,151)	(3.6)	7,655,939
49	Food and Environmental Hygiene Department	10,534,486	10,513,739	(20,747)	(0.2)	9,796,476
46	General Expenses of the Civil Service	5,251,577	4,810,494	(441,083)	(8.4)	4,288,486
166	Government Flying Service	633,805	683,877	50,072	7.9	524,306
48	Government Laboratory	579,200	582,298	3,098	0.5	567,182
59	Government Logistics Department	622,373	608,866	(13,507)	(2.2)	600,840

12. Expenditure (*Continued*)

			2022			
Head	d	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Over/(Under) the Estimate \$'000	Variance %	Actual \$'000
51	Government Property Agency	2,639,164	2,505,479	(133,685)	(5.1)	2,493,562
143	Government Secretariat: Civil Service Bureau	745,093	751,661	6,568	0.9	723,584
* 152	Government Secretariat: Commerce and Economic Development Bureau	4,587,376	1,764,909	(2,822,467)	(61.5)	10,353,054
^ 55	Government Secretariat: Commerce and Economic Development Bureau (Communications and Creative Industries Branch)	1,145,565	223,510	(922,055)	(80.5)	649,159
144	Government Secretariat: Constitutional and Mainland Affairs Bureau	871,973	842,930	(29,043)	(3.3)	781,172
# 132	Government Secretariat: Culture, Sports and Tourism Bureau	-	4,067,080	4,067,080	-	-
138	Government Secretariat: Development Bureau (Planning and Lands Branch)	1,763,315	1,515,490	(247,825)	(14.1)	1,362,865
159	Government Secretariat: Development Bureau (Works Branch)	2,141,062	2,061,076	(79,986)	(3.7)	797,686
156	Government Secretariat: Education Bureau	76,746,002	74,263,890	(2,482,112)	(3.2)	73,507,833
* 137	Government Secretariat: Environment and Ecology Bureau (Environment Branch)	1,859,807	1,888,680	28,873	1.6	1,796,034
* 139	Government Secretariat: Environment and Ecology Bureau (Food Branch)	191,962	163,864	(28,098)	(14.6)	194,603
148	Government Secretariat: Financial Services and the Treasury Bureau (Financial Services Branch)	1,111,628	1,109,199	(2,429)	(0.2)	1,116,238
147	Government Secretariat: Financial Services and the Treasury Bureau (The Treasury Branch)	69,505,458	67,216,661	(2,288,797)	(3.3)	35,144,100

12. Expenditure (*Continued*)

-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		2022			
Head	d	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Over/(Under) the Estimate \$'000	Variance %	Actual \$'000
* 140	Government Secretariat: Health Bureau	114,249,465	113,658,985	(590,480)	(0.5)	86,529,525
* 53	Government Secretariat: Home and Youth Affairs Bureau	2,773,302	1,299,723	(1,473,579)	(53.1)	2,321,271
* 62	Government Secretariat: Housing Bureau	7,339,612	4,030,972	(3,308,640)	(45.1)	2,619,582
155	Government Secretariat: Innovation and Technology Commission	853,624	760,691	(92,933)	(10.9)	781,195
* 135	Government Secretariat: Innovation, Technology and Industry Bureau	705,795	637,672	(68,123)	(9.7)	720,314
141	Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau	1,024,317	904,875	(119,442)	(11.7)	962,734
47	Government Secretariat: Office of the Government Chief Information Officer	1,716,267	1,494,974	(221,293)	(12.9)	1,208,506
142	Government Secretariat: Offices of the Chief Secretary for Administration and the Financial Secretary	13,185,623	56,111,377	42,925,754	325.5	34,579,999
96	Government Secretariat: Overseas Economic and Trade Offices	585,170	441,064	(144,106)	(24.6)	371,724
151	Government Secretariat: Security Bureau	1,152,881	1,146,706	(6,175)	(0.5)	1,078,167
* 158	Government Secretariat: Transport and Logistics Bureau	558,543	412,471	(146,072)	(26.2)	470,125
60	Highways Department	4,270,565	4,190,494	(80,071)	(1.9)	4,114,519
63	Home Affairs Department	3,247,839	2,930,714	(317,125)	(9.8)	2,858,033
168	Hong Kong Observatory	418,806	405,923	(12,883)	(3.1)	393,811
122	Hong Kong Police Force	26,668,233	25,196,656	(1,471,577)	(5.5)	23,330,171
70	Immigration Department	6,942,529	6,618,096	(324,433)	(4.7)	6,473,705
72	Independent Commission Against Corruption	1,298,858	1,292,848	(6,010)	(0.5)	1,236,888
121	Independent Police Complaints Council	99,124	100,807	1,683	1.7	100,529

12. Expenditure (*Continued*)

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		2022			
Hea	d	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Over/(Under) the Estimate \$'000	Variance %	Actual \$'000
74	Information Services Department	694,135	689,902	(4,233)	(0.6)	669,813
76	Inland Revenue Department	1,867,074	1,775,681	(91,393)	(4.9)	1,758,525
78	Intellectual Property Department	232,593	223,104	(9,489)	(4.1)	212,753
79	Invest Hong Kong	226,714	226,097	(617)	(0.3)	170,551
174	Joint Secretariat for the Advisory Bodies on Civil Service and Judicial Salaries and Conditions of Service	45,881	44,653	(1,228)	(2.7)	41,903
80	Judiciary	2,401,549	2,297,560	(103,989)	(4.3)	2,223,626
90	Labour Department	2,715,209	2,446,380	(268,829)	(9.9)	2,274,723
91	Lands Department	3,276,500	3,286,079	9,579	0.3	3,225,348
94	Legal Aid Department	1,635,755	1,529,202	(106,553)	(6.5)	1,397,092
112	Legislative Council Commission	1,078,375	1,027,068	(51,307)	(4.8)	917,117
95	Leisure and Cultural Services Department	11,498,782	11,063,583	(435,199)	(3.8)	10,494,793
100	Marine Department	1,940,360	1,729,617	(210,743)	(10.9)	1,715,419
106	Miscellaneous Services	7,039,071	120,202	(6,918,869)	(98.3)	153,247
180	Office for Film, Newspaper and Article Administration	54,070	53,047	(1,023)	(1.9)	51,412
114	Office of The Ombudsman	126,755	129,476	2,721	2.1	128,035
116	Official Receiver's Office	224,951	219,113	(5,838)	(2.6)	224,769
120	Pensions	47,452,500	45,596,767	(1,855,733)	(3.9)	43,653,345
118	Planning Department	845,851	844,275	(1,576)	(0.2)	803,196
136	Public Service Commission Secretariat	32,239	32,428	189	0.6	30,566
160	Radio Television Hong Kong	1,080,178	1,086,602	6,424	0.6	1,003,039
162	Rating and Valuation Department	772,848	664,090	(108,758)	(14.1)	596,218
163	Registration and Electoral Office	1,205,329	846,545	(358,784)	(29.8)	1,294,750
169	Secretariat, Commissioner on Interception of Communications and Surveillance	24,255	23,543	(712)	(2.9)	25,150

12. Expenditure (Continued)

#

	2023				2022
Head	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Over/(Under) the Estimate \$'000	Variance %	Actual \$'000
170 Social Welfare Department	104,061,985	101,405,863	(2,656,122)	(2.6)	95,638,427
181 Trade and Industry Department	1,496,511	1,593,336	96,825	6.5	1,339,473
186 Transport Department	16,721,080	11,095,725	(5,625,355)	(33.6)	8,920,916
188 Treasury	582,622	538,303	(44,319)	(7.6)	510,720
190 University Grants Committee	22,586,429	22,802,257	215,828	1.0	22,423,078
194 Water Supplies Department	9,315,811	9,316,234	423	-	9,113,603
173 Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency	8,390,079	6,984,601	(1,405,478)	(16.8)	7,104,048
	692,073,512	692,779,509	705,997	0.1	597,021,029
184 Transfers to Funds	5,771,000	4,771,000	(1,000,000)	(17.3)	11,364,000
Non-recurrent appropriation to a special fund to meet the expenditure for safeguarding national security (Note (i) below)	-	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	-
Total	697,844,512	702,550,509	4,705,997	0.7	608,385,029

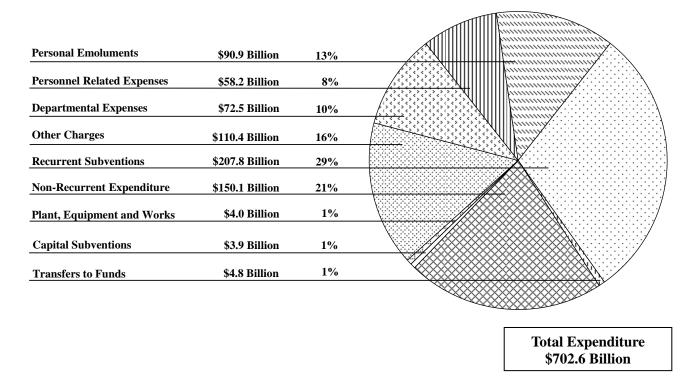
(i) The Law of the People's Republic of China on Safeguarding National Security in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region provides that the Financial Secretary of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region shall, upon approval of the Chief Executive, appropriate from the general revenue a special fund to meet the expenditure for safeguarding national security and approve the establishment of relevant posts, which are not subject to any restrictions in the relevant provisions of the laws in force in the Region. This \$5 billion provision is the non-recurrent appropriation which is to increase the special fund for meeting the expenditure for safeguarding national security.

* With effect from 1 July 2022, the list of Heads of Expenditure have been renamed as follows -

Head 152 "Government Secretariat: Commerce and Economic Development Bureau (Commerce, Industry and Tourism Branch)" as "Government Secretariat: Commerce and Economic Development Bureau"

Head 137	"Government Secretariat: Environment Bureau" as
	"Government Secretariat: Environment and Ecology Bureau (Environment Branch)"
Head 139	"Government Secretariat: Food and Health Bureau (Food Branch)" as
	"Government Secretariat: Environment and Ecology Bureau (Food Branch)"
Head 140	"Government Secretariat: Food and Health Bureau (Health Branch)" as
	"Government Secretariat: Health Bureau"
Head 53	"Government Secretariat: Home Affairs Bureau" as
	"Government Secretariat: Home and Youth Affairs Bureau"
Head 62	"Housing Department" as "Government Secretariat: Housing Bureau"
Head 135	"Government Secretariat: Innovation and Technology Bureau" as
	"Government Secretariat: Innovation, Technology and Industry Bureau"
Head 158	"Government Secretariat: Transport and Housing Bureau (Transport Branch)" as
	"Government Secretariat: Transport and Logistics Bureau"
Head 132	"Government Secretariat: Culture, Sports and Tourism Bureau" has been created with effect from 1 July 2022.
Head 55	"Government Secretariat: Commerce and Economic Development Bureau (Communications and Creative
	Industries Branch)" has been deleted with effect from 1 July 2022.

Analysis of Expenditure for the year ended 31 March 2023



13. Other Cash Movements

These are cash movements arising from changes in other assets and liabilities:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Reduction/(Increase) in Assets		
Investments with the Exchange Fund	136,585,060	80,158,110
Deposits with banks	37,684	40,823
Advances	(1,283,519)	445,880
Suspense Accounts	(43,936)	(39,690)
	135,295,289	80,605,123

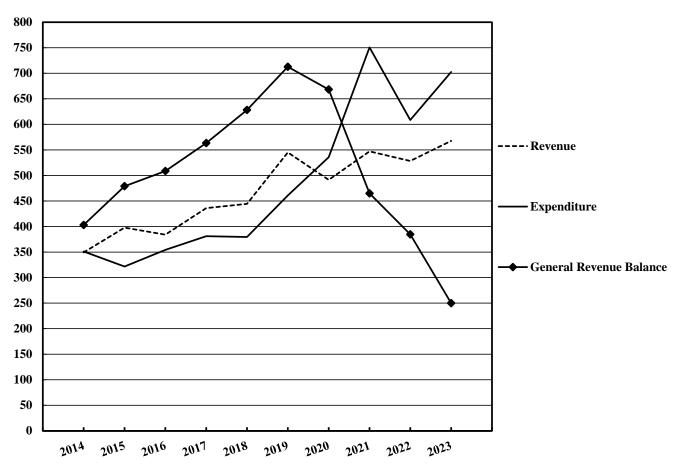
2022

2022

Deposits	40,841	(248,849)
Suspense Accounts	(15,321)	(10,372)
	25,520	(259,221)
	135,320,809	80,345,902

Revenue, Expenditure and General Revenue Balance for the years ended 31 March 2014 to 2023





Report of the Director of Audit



Capital Works Reserve Fund

Independent Auditor's Report To the President of the Legislative Council

Opinion

I certify that I have examined and audited the financial statements of the Capital Works Reserve Fund set out on pages 28 to 37, which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2023, and the statement of receipts and payments for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the financial statements of the Capital Works Reserve Fund are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) and section 11(1) of the Audit Ordinance (Cap. 122).

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with section 12(1) of the Audit Ordinance and the Audit Commission auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of my report. I have fulfilled the independence and other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those standards. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other information

The Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the Accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the year ended 31 March 2023 published by the Treasury, other than the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Director of Accounting Services' responsibilities for the financial statements

In accordance with section 16(1) of the Public Finance Ordinance, the Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the compilation and supervision of the accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, for the management of accounting operations and procedures, and for ensuring that all regulations, directions or instructions made or given under the Public Finance Ordinance relating thereto and in respect of the safe custody of public moneys and its accounting are complied with.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Capital Works Reserve Fund's internal control; and

 evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the Director of Accounting Services and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures.

I communicate with the Director of Accounting Services regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Prof. LAM Chi Yuen Nelson Director of Audit

27 October 2023

Audit Commission 6th Floor, High Block Queensway Government Offices 66 Queensway Hong Kong

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Assets			
Investments with the Exchange Fund	3	151,400,431	195,487,986
Cash and bank balances		3,426	1,776
		151,403,857	195,489,762
Liabilities			
Deposits	4	(1,898,230)	(1,701,423)
		149,505,627	193,788,339
Representing:			
Fund Balance			
Balance at beginning of year		193,788,339	130,684,557
(Deficit)/Surplus for the year		(44,282,712)	63,103,782
Balance at end of year	5, 6, 7	149,505,627	193,788,339

Notes 1 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Cash and bank balances at beginning of year		1,776	6,945
Receipts	8	154,118,729	182,646,295
Payments	5, 9	(198,401,441)	(119,542,513)
(Deficit)/Surplus for the year		(44,282,712)	63,103,782
Other cash movements	10	44,284,362	(63,108,951)
Cash and bank balances at end of year		3,426	1,776

Notes 1 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated)

1. Purpose and Legislation

The Capital Works Reserve Fund was set up to finance public works programmes, acquisitions of land, capital subventions and major systems and equipment items. It was initially established on 1 April 1982 by a Resolution of the Legislative Council passed on 20 January 1982 and subsequently deemed to have been established under section 29(3) of the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2). Since 1 January 1998, it has been reconstituted under another Resolution passed on 17 December 1997 (hereinafter referred to as the Resolution).

2. Accounting Policies

- (i) The accounts of the Capital Works Reserve Fund are kept on a cash basis. Transactions are recorded when moneys are received or paid. The Statement of Assets and Liabilities of the Fund excludes fixed assets, loans, investments other than those made under paragraph (d)(iii) of the Resolution, and debtors and creditors other than those deposits referred to in Note 4.
- (ii) For the purposes of these financial statements, a contingent liability is defined as:
 - (a) a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Government; or
 - (b) a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:
 - it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or
 - the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.
- (iii) Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates.

3. Investments with the Exchange Fund

(i) These are investments and deposits held under paragraph (d)(iii) of the Resolution:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Investments (Notes (ii) and (iii) below)	151,350,427	195,437,986
Deposits	50,004	50,000
	151,400,431	195,487,986

- (ii) The investments represent the cost of investments together with the investment income received in the year being reported.
- (iii) The investment income is calculated, in accordance with an arrangement entered into with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority in 2007, on the basis of the average annual investment return of the Exchange Fund's Investment Portfolio for the past six years or the average annual yield of three-year government bond (replacing the three-year Exchange Fund Notes with effect from 1 January 2016) for the previous year subject to a minimum of zero percent, whichever is the higher. The rate of return for the calendar year 2022 was 5.6% (2021: 4.7%). The annual investment income is receivable on 31 December each year.

4. Deposits

These are moneys received from time to time from individuals or organisations for a variety of reasons and are in due course either repayable or transferable for credit to the Fund:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Contract retention money	1,687,643	1,524,353
Others	210,587	177,070
	1,898,230	1,701,423

5. Fund Balance

The Fund Balance includes receipts from sums borrowed for the purposes of the Capital Works Reserve Fund under the Loans Ordinance (Cap. 61) that are required to be credited to the Fund under paragraph (b)(v) of the Resolution. Repayments of the principal in relation to the outstanding liabilities in respect of sums borrowed are included in payments charged to the Fund under paragraph (d)(i) of the Resolution.

Following a resolution passed under section 3(1) of the Loans Ordinance, the Government issued Green Bonds of US\$1 billion in May 2019, US\$2.5 billion in February 2021, US\$1 billion in November 2021, EUR1.75 billion in November 2021, RMB5 billion in November 2021, HK\$20 billion in May 2022, US\$3 billion in January 2023, EUR1.25 billion in January 2023, RMB10 billion in January 2023 and HK\$0.8 billion in February 2023 under the Government Green Bond Programme to provide funding for green projects. The outstanding liabilities, not included in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, in respect of sums borrowed are as follows:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Green Bonds (Notes (i) and (ii) below)	122,497,375	56,680,000

- (i) The Green Bonds were denominated in United States dollars (US\$7.5 billion will mature between May 2024 and January 2053), Euros (EUR3 billion will mature between January 2025 and November 2041), Renminbi (RMB15 billion will mature between November 2024 and January 2028) and Hong Kong dollars (HK\$20.8 billion will mature between February 2024 and May 2025). During the financial year, payments of interest on the Green Bonds amounted to \$1,041 million (2022: \$442 million) and there was no repayment of principal (2022: Nil).
- (ii) The outstanding Green Bonds are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date.

6. Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 March 2023, the amount of contingent liabilities arising from legal claims, disputes and proceedings was \$12,305 million (2022: \$11,598 million).

7. Commitments

The balances of the approved project estimates that were unspent were as follows:

Head			2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Land acqu	lisition			
701	Land acquisition		57,926,045	20,228,518
		Sub-total	57,926,045	20,228,518
Capital wo	orks – Public Works Programme			
702	Port and airport development		78,299	78,810
703	Buildings		215,333,675	194,598,497
704	Drainage		57,284,519	59,943,707
705	Civil engineering		97,412,982	101,557,028
706	Highways		72,101,092	80,821,061
707	New towns and urban area development		117,545,089	128,588,625
709	Waterworks		28,315,063	29,284,328
711	Housing		41,278,449	23,786,406
		Sub-total	629,349,168	618,658,462
Capital su	bventions			
708 (part)	Capital subventions		61,126,688	50,226,461
		Sub-total	61,126,688	50,226,461
Systems a	nd equipment			
708 (part)	Major systems and equipment		7,471,280	7,946,426
710	Computerisation		15,046,632	12,561,818
		Sub-total	22,517,912	20,508,244
			770,919,813	709,621,685
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

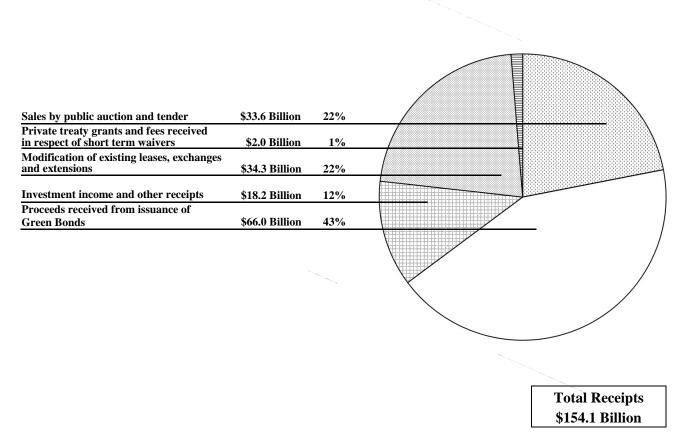
8. Receipts

	2023		2022
	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Actual \$'000
Land premium			
Sales by public auction and tender	-	33,617,647	91,649,562
Private treaty grants	-	1,729,660	6,864,956
Modification of existing leases, exchanges and extensions	-	34,331,691	44,239,769
Fees received in respect of short term waivers	-	248,828	289,571
	120,000,000	69,927,826	143,043,858
Investment income			
Investments with the Exchange Fund (Note (i) below)	-	18,120,400	10,395,496
Others	-	1,227	1,209
	18,750,000	18,121,627	10,396,705
Other receipts			
Donations and contributions	36,373	4,410	2,018
Others	-	72,691	79,499
	36,373	77,101	81,517
Proceeds received from issuance of bonds			
Green Bonds	35,100,000	65,992,175	29,124,215
	173,886,373	154,118,729	182,646,295

(i) Pursuant to the Financial Secretary's directives, the investment incomes of the Fund for the calendar years 2014 and 2015 totalling \$6.86 billion (comprising \$2.88 billion for 2014 and \$3.98 billion for 2015), along with the investment incomes on other parts of the fiscal reserves for the two years, were set aside and retained within the Exchange Fund for the Housing Reserve, and not received in the respective financial years 2014-15 and 2015-16. The Housing Reserve was established in December 2014. As explained in the 2015-16 Budget Speech, the Housing Reserve is to provide financial resources to meet the ten-year public housing supply target. The investment income retained within the Exchange Fund earns the same rate of investment return as stipulated in Note 3(iii). The accumulated investment return was \$2.19 billion up to 31 December 2022 (2021: \$1.85 billion), including the investment return for the calendar year 2022 amounting to \$0.34 billion (2021: \$0.39 billion). As announced in the 2019-20 Budget Speech, the Housing Reserve would be brought back to the Government's accounts and recorded as investment income over four financial years from 2019-20 to 2022-23. At the same time, \$82.37 billion (the balance of the Housing Reserve as at 31 December 2018 which included \$7.79 billion from the Fund) was earmarked for public housing development.

During the financial year 2022-23, \$6.46 billion (2022: \$2.59 billion) was brought back from the Housing Reserve to the Fund and recorded as investment income. As at 31 March 2023, there was no investment income and accumulated investment return (i.e. up to calendar year 2022) not received and recorded by the Fund and retained for the Housing Reserve (2022: \$6.12 billion).

Analysis of Receipts for the year ended 31 March 2023



9. Payments

	2023		2022
	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Actual \$'000
Land acquisition	6,374,450	6,083,804	3,988,301
Public Works Programme			
Port and airport development	600	511	1,173
Buildings	29,959,440	26,429,758	24,216,709
Drainage	6,463,870	6,901,539	5,712,669
Civil engineering	6,496,330	7,116,710	5,108,794
Highways	8,908,530	10,513,742	11,736,529
New towns and urban area development	13,966,707	20,613,145	15,529,953
Waterworks	7,156,510	7,035,306	5,305,392
Housing	2,503,358	2,193,137	1,665,798
	75,455,345	80,803,848	69,277,017
Capital subventions and major systems and equipment			
Capital subventions	8,605,055	6,779,760	7,779,570
Major systems and equipment	1,292,349	614,761	661,315
	9,897,404	7,394,521	8,440,885
Computerisation	3,167,657	2,614,869	2,345,086
Government bonds			
Repayment	-	-	-
Interest and other expenses	1,059,000	1,091,548	455,267
	1,059,000	1,091,548	455,267
Transfer to General Revenue	100,000,000	100,000,000	35,000,000
Other payments			
Refund of overpayment of land premium	-	412,851	35,957
	195,953,856	198,401,441	119,542,513

Capital Works Reserve Fund

Analysis of Payments for the year ended 31 March 2023 *

Land acquisition \$6.1 Billion 3% Buildings \$26.5 Billion 13% Drainage \$6.9 Billion 3% Civil engineering \$7.1 Billion 4% Highways \$10.5 Billion 5% New towns and urban area development \$20.6 Billion 10% Capital subventions \$6.8 Billion 3% Major systems and equipment \$0.6 Billion 1% Waterworks \$7.0 Billion 4% Computerisation \$2.2 Billion 1% Housing \$2.2 Billion 1% Interest and other expenses on government bonds \$1.1 Billion 1% Refund of overpayment of land premium \$0.4 Billion 1%			
Buildings \$26.5 Billion 13% Drainage \$6.9 Billion 3% Civil engineering \$7.1 Billion 4% Highways \$10.5 Billion 5% New towns and urban area development \$20.6 Billion 10% Capital subventions \$6.8 Billion 3% Major systems and equipment \$0.6 Billion 1% Waterworks \$7.0 Billion 4% Computerisation \$2.6 Billion 1% Housing \$2.2 Billion 1% Interest and other expenses on government bonds \$1.1 Billion 1%			
Buildings \$26.5 Billion 13% Drainage \$6.9 Billion 3% Civil engineering \$7.1 Billion 4% Highways \$10.5 Billion 5% New towns and urban area development \$20.6 Billion 10% Capital subventions \$6.8 Billion 3% Major systems and equipment \$0.6 Billion 1% Waterworks \$7.0 Billion 4% Computerisation \$2.6 Billion 1% Housing \$2.2 Billion 1% Interest and other expenses on government bonds \$1.1 Billion 1%			
Drainage \$6.9 Billion 3% Civil engineering \$7.1 Billion 4% Highways \$10.5 Billion 5% New towns and urban area development \$20.6 Billion 10% Capital subventions \$6.8 Billion 3% Major systems and equipment \$0.6 Billion 1% Waterworks \$7.0 Billion 4% Computerisation \$2.6 Billion 1% Housing \$2.2 Billion 1% Interest and other expenses on government bonds \$1.1 Billion 1%	Land acquisition	\$6.1 Billion 3%	
Civil engineering \$7.1 Billion 4% Highways \$10.5 Billion 5% New towns and urban area development \$20.6 Billion 10% Capital subventions \$6.8 Billion 3% Major systems and equipment \$0.6 Billion 1% Waterworks \$7.0 Billion 4% Computerisation \$2.6 Billion 1% Housing \$2.2 Billion 1% Interest and other expenses on government bonds \$1.1 Billion 1%	Buildings	\$26.5 Billion 13%	
Highways \$10.5 Billion 5% New towns and urban area development \$20.6 Billion 10% Capital subventions \$6.8 Billion 3% Major systems and equipment \$0.6 Billion 1% Waterworks \$7.0 Billion 4% Computerisation \$2.6 Billion 1% Housing \$2.2 Billion 1% Interest and other expenses on government bonds \$1.1 Billion 1%	Drainage	\$6.9 Billion 3%	
New towns and urban area development \$20.6 Billion 10% Capital subventions \$6.8 Billion 3% Major systems and equipment \$0.6 Billion 1% Waterworks \$7.0 Billion 4% Computerisation \$2.6 Billion 1% Housing \$2.2 Billion 1% Interest and other expenses on government bonds \$1.1 Billion 1%	Civil engineering	\$7.1 Billion 4%	
Capital subventions \$6.8 Billion 3% Major systems and equipment \$0.6 Billion 1% Waterworks \$7.0 Billion 4% Computerisation \$2.6 Billion 1% Housing \$2.2 Billion 1% Interest and other expenses on government bonds \$1.1 Billion 1%	Highways	\$10.5 Billion 5%	
Major systems and equipment \$0.6 Billion 1% Waterworks \$7.0 Billion 4% Computerisation \$2.6 Billion 1% Housing \$2.2 Billion 1% Interest and other expenses on government bonds \$1.1 Billion 1%	New towns and urban area development	\$20.6 Billion 10%	
Waterworks \$7.0 Billion 4% Computerisation \$2.6 Billion 1% Housing \$2.2 Billion 1% Interest and other expenses on government bonds \$1.1 Billion 1%	Capital subventions	\$6.8 Billion 3%	
Computerisation \$2.6 Billion 1% Housing \$2.2 Billion 1% Interest and other expenses on government bonds \$1.1 Billion 1%	Major systems and equipment	\$0.6 Billion 1%	
Housing \$2.2 Billion 1% Interest and other expenses on government bonds \$1.1 Billion 1%	Waterworks	\$7.0 Billion 4%	
Interest and other expenses on government bonds \$1.1 Billion 1%	Computerisation	\$2.6 Billion 1%	
bonds \$1.1 Billion 1%	Housing	\$2.2 Billion 1%	
ψι Dinion 170	nterest and other expenses on government		
Refund of overpayment of land premium \$0.4 Billion 1%	oonds	\$1.1 Billion 1%	
	Refund of overpayment of land premium	\$0.4 Billion 1%	
Transfer to General Revenue \$100.0 Billion 50%	Fransfer to General Revenue	\$100.0 Billion 50%	

Total Payments \$198.4 Billion

* Actual payments on "Port and airport development" is not shown as it is less than \$0.1 billion.

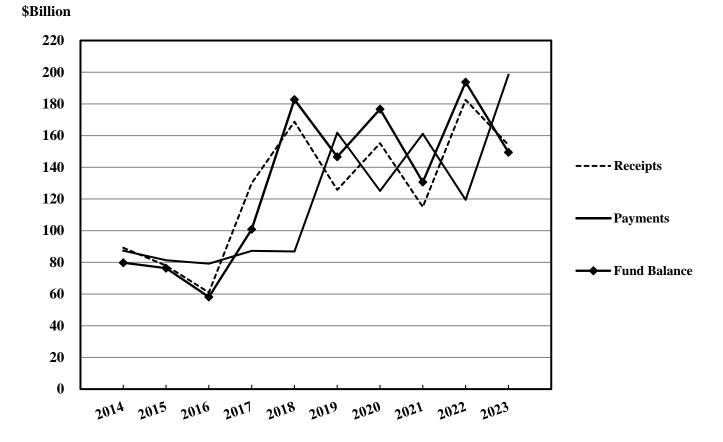
10. Other Cash Movements

These are cash movements arising from changes in other assets and liabilities:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Reduction/(Increase) in Assets		
Investments with the Exchange Fund	44,087,555	(63,261,898)
Increase in Liabilities		
Deposits	196,807	152,947
	44,284,362	(63,108,951)

Capital Works Reserve Fund

Receipts, Payments and Fund Balance for the years ended 31 March 2014 to 2023



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Report of the Director of Audit



Capital Investment Fund

Independent Auditor's Report To the President of the Legislative Council

Opinion

I certify that I have examined and audited the financial statements of the Capital Investment Fund set out on pages 42 to 48, which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2023, and the statement of receipts and payments for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the financial statements of the Capital Investment Fund are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) and section 11(1) of the Audit Ordinance (Cap. 122).

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with section 12(1) of the Audit Ordinance and the Audit Commission auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of my report. I have fulfilled the independence and other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those standards. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other information

The Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the Accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the year ended 31 March 2023 published by the Treasury, other than the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Director of Accounting Services' responsibilities for the financial statements

In accordance with section 16(1) of the Public Finance Ordinance, the Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the compilation and supervision of the accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, for the management of accounting operations and procedures, and for ensuring that all regulations, directions or instructions made or given under the Public Finance Ordinance relating thereto and in respect of the safe custody of public moneys and its accounting are complied with.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Capital Investment Fund's internal control; and

 evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the Director of Accounting Services and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures.

I communicate with the Director of Accounting Services regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Prof. LAM Chi Yuen Nelson Director of Audit

27 October 2023

Audit Commission 6th Floor, High Block Queensway Government Offices 66 Queensway Hong Kong

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Assets			
Investments	3		
Equity holdings		157,782,156	152,738,156
Other investments		685,831,418	647,657,994
		843,613,574	800,396,150
Loans Outstanding	4	1,424,435	1,382,864
		845,038,009	801,779,014
Current Assets			
Investments with the Exchange Fund	5	18,038,721	21,360,314
Cash and bank balances		-	1
		18,038,721	21,360,315
		863,076,730	823,139,329
Representing:			
Total Fund Balance			
Applied Fund	6	845,038,009	801,779,014
Available Fund	7		
Balance at beginning of year		21,360,315	21,793,115
Deficit for the year		(3,321,594)	(432,800)
Balance at end of year		18,038,721	21,360,315
	8, 9	863,076,730	823,139,329
	=		

Notes 1 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Cash and bank balances at beginning of year		1	1
Receipts	10	1,722,406	1,171,532
Payments	11	(5,044,000)	(1,604,332)
Deficit for the year		(3,321,594)	(432,800)
Other cash movements	12	3,321,593	432,800
Cash and bank balances at end of year		-	1

Notes 1 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated)

1. Purpose and Legislation

The Capital Investment Fund finances investments in and loans to public sector bodies which are not part of the Government structure and such other bodies as the Finance Committee may specify. It was established with effect from 1 April 1990 by a Resolution passed by the Legislative Council under section 29(1) of the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) on 14 March 1990. Amendments to this Resolution were passed by the Legislative Council on 6 November 1991 (The Resolution as amended is hereinafter referred to as the Resolution).

2. Accounting Policies

- (i) Subject to (ii) below, the accounts of the Capital Investment Fund are kept on a cash basis. Transactions are recorded when moneys are received or paid.
- (ii) The Statement of Assets and Liabilities is structured to include investments acquired and loans made by way of cash, waived land premium, donated works or other similar transactions.
- (iii) For the purposes of these financial statements, a contingent liability is defined as:
 - (a) a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Government; or
 - (b) a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:
 - it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or
 - the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

3. Investments (at cost/original valuation)

	2023			2022		
	Equity Holdings \$'000	Other Investments \$'000	Total \$'000	Equity Holdings \$'000	Other Investments \$'000	Total \$'000
Balance at beginning of year	152,738,156	647,657,994	800,396,150	153,970,874	626,292,408	780,263,282
Additions						
Cash acquisitions	5,044,000	-	5,044,000	823,532	780,800	1,604,332
Non-cash acquisitions	-	38,173,424	38,173,424	-	20,584,786	20,584,786
	5,044,000	38,173,424	43,217,424	823,532	21,365,586	22,189,118
Deductions						
Cash disposal/refund	-	-	-	(56,250)	-	(56,250)
Non-cash disposal/refund	-	-	-	(2,000,000)	-	(2,000,000)
	-	-	-	(2,056,250)	-	(2,056,250)
Balance at end of year	157,782,156	685,831,418	843,613,574	152,738,156	647,657,994	800,396,150

4. Loans Outstanding

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Balance at beginning of year	1,382,864	1,467,386
Additions Capitalised interest	41,571	17,155
Deductions		
Loan repayments	-	(101,677)
Balance at end of year	1,424,435	1,382,864

5. Investments with the Exchange Fund

- (i) These are investments made under paragraph 7 of the Resolution.
- (ii) The investments represent the cost of investments together with the investment income received in the year being reported.
- (iii) The investment income is calculated, in accordance with an arrangement entered into with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority in 2007, on the basis of the average annual investment return of the Exchange Fund's Investment Portfolio for the past six years or the average annual yield of three-year government bond (replacing the three-year Exchange Fund Notes with effect from 1 January 2016) for the previous year subject to a minimum of zero percent, whichever is the higher. The rate of return for the calendar year 2022 was 5.6% (2021: 4.7%). The annual investment income is receivable on 31 December each year.

6. Applied Fund

This represents the sum of investments acquired and outstanding loans made from the Fund under paragraph 5 of the Resolution.

7. Available Fund

This represents funds available for acquiring investments or making loans under paragraph 5 of the Resolution.

8. Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 March 2023, the Government had the following contingent liabilities:

- (i) subscription to callable shares in the Asian Development Bank amounting to \$5,801 million (2022: \$5,946 million);
- (ii) subscription to callable shares in the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank amounting to \$4,800 million (2022: \$4,800 million) with commitment approved; and
- (iii) guarantees provided under a commercial loan of the Hong Kong Science and Technology Parks Corporation amounting to \$893 million (2022: \$920 million).

9. Commitments

The approved investments and loans that were unpaid were as follows:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Investments (Note (i) below)	33,322,500	38,373,363
Loans	1,650,000	1,650,000
	34,972,500	40,023,363

(i) These included an approved commitment of \$4,800 million (2022: \$4,800 million) for the subscription to callable shares in the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (Note 8(ii)).

10. Receipts

2023		2022
Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Actual \$'000
660,000	424,439	43,502
-	-	101,677
1,187,000	1,297,967	970,103
-	-	56,250
1,847,000	1,722,406	1,171,532
	Original Estimate \$'000 660,000 - 1,187,000 -	Original Actual Estimate Actual \$'000 \$'000 660,000 424,439 - - 1,187,000 1,297,967 - -

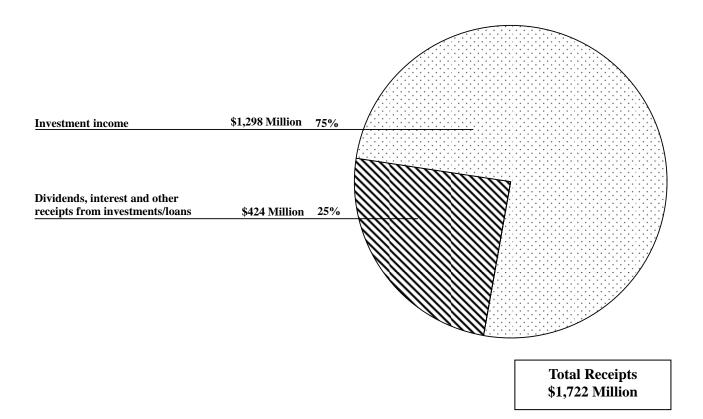
Pursuant to the Financial Secretary's directives, the investment incomes of the Fund for the calendar (i) years 2014 and 2015 totalling \$177 million (comprising \$79 million for 2014 and \$98 million for 2015), along with the investment incomes on other parts of the fiscal reserves for the two years, were set aside and retained within the Exchange Fund for the Housing Reserve, and not received in the respective financial years 2014-15 and 2015-16. The Housing Reserve was established in December 2014. As explained in the 2015-16 Budget Speech, the Housing Reserve is to provide financial resources to meet the ten-year public housing supply target. The investment income retained within the Exchange Fund earns the same rate of investment return as stipulated in Note 5(iii). The accumulated investment return was \$57 million up to 31 December 2022 (2021: \$48 million), including the investment return for the calendar year 2022 amounting to \$9 million (2021: \$10 million). As announced in the 2019-20 Budget Speech, the Housing Reserve would be brought back to the Government's accounts and recorded as investment income over four financial years from 2019-20 to 2022-23. At the same time, \$82.37 billion (the balance of the Housing Reserve as at 31 December 2018 which included \$201 million from the Fund) was earmarked for public housing development.

During the financial year 2022-2023, \$167 million (2022: \$67 million) was brought back from the Housing Reserve to the Fund and recorded as investment income. As at 31 March 2023, there was no investment income and accumulated investment return (i.e. up to calendar year 2022) not received and recorded by the Fund and retained for the Housing Reserve (2022: \$158 million).

10. Receipts (Continued)

(ii) These include proceed from refund of capital investment from New Hong Kong Tunnel Company Limited.

Analysis of Receipts for the year ended 31 March 2023



11. Payments

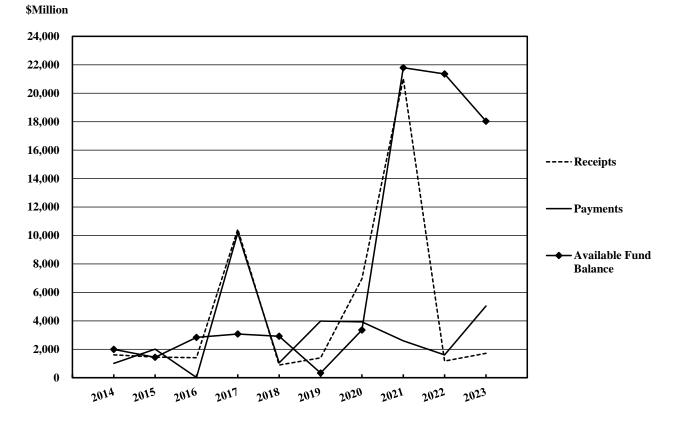
	2023		2022
	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Actual \$'000
Acquisition of investments			
Equity holdings	4,546,000	5,044,000	823,532
Other investments	_	-	780,800
	4,546,000	5,044,000	1,604,332
Loan payments	1,650,000	-	-
	6,196,000	5,044,000	1,604,332

12. Other Cash Movements

These are cash movements arising from changes in other assets and liabilities:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Reduction in Assets	φ 000	φ 000
Investments with the Exchange Fund	3,321,593	432,800

Receipts, Payments and Available Fund Balance for the years ended 31 March 2014 to 2023



Report of the Director of Audit



Civil Service Pension Reserve Fund

Independent Auditor's Report To the President of the Legislative Council

Opinion

I certify that I have examined and audited the financial statements of the Civil Service Pension Reserve Fund set out on pages 52 to 55, which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2023, and the statement of receipts and payments for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the financial statements of the Civil Service Pension Reserve Fund are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) and section 11(1) of the Audit Ordinance (Cap. 122).

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with section 12(1) of the Audit Ordinance and the Audit Commission auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of my report. I have fulfilled the independence and other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those standards. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other information

The Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the Accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the year ended 31 March 2023 published by the Treasury, other than the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Director of Accounting Services' responsibilities for the financial statements

In accordance with section 16(1) of the Public Finance Ordinance, the Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the compilation and supervision of the accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, for the management of accounting operations and procedures, and for ensuring that all regulations, directions or instructions made or given under the Public Finance Ordinance relating thereto and in respect of the safe custody of public moneys and its accounting are complied with.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Civil Service Pension Reserve Fund's internal control; and

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the Director of Accounting Services.

I communicate with the Director of Accounting Services regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Prof. LAM Chi Yuen Nelson Director of Audit Audit Commission 6th Floor, High Block Queensway Government Offices 66 Queensway Hong Kong

27 October 2023

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

022 000
399
902
497
399
9

Notes 1 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Cash and bank balances at beginning of year		-	-
Receipts	4	5,050,338	6,043,497
Payments		-	-
Surplus for the year		5,050,338	6,043,497
Other cash movements	5	(5,050,338)	(6,043,497)
Cash and bank balances at end of year		-	-

Notes 1 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated)

1. Purpose and Legislation

The Civil Service Pension Reserve Fund is intended to meet payment of civil service pensions in the most unlikely event that the Government cannot meet such liabilities from the General Revenue. It was established with effect from 27 January 1995 by a Resolution (hereinafter referred to as the Resolution) passed by the Legislative Council under section 29(1) of the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) on 25 January 1995.

2. Accounting Policy

The accounts of the Civil Service Pension Reserve Fund are kept on a cash basis. Transactions are recorded when moneys are received or paid.

3. Investments with the Exchange Fund

- (i) These are investments made under paragraph (f) of the Resolution.
- (ii) The investments represent the cost of investments together with the investment income received in the year being reported.
- (iii) The investment income is calculated, in accordance with an arrangement entered into with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority in 2007, on the basis of the average annual investment return of the Exchange Fund's Investment Portfolio for the past six years or the average annual yield of three-year government bond (replacing the three-year Exchange Fund Notes with effect from 1 January 2016) for the previous year subject to a minimum of zero percent, whichever is the higher. The rate of return for the calendar year 2022 was 5.6% (2021: 4.7%). The annual investment income is receivable on 31 December each year.

4. Receipts

	2023		2022
	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Actual \$'000
Investment income			
Investments with the Exchange Fund (Note (i) below)	5,051,000	5,050,338	3,022,497
Transfer from General Revenue	-	-	3,021,000
	5,051,000	5,050,338	6,043,497

4. **Receipts** (Continued)

Pursuant to the Financial Secretary's directives, the investment incomes of the Fund for the (i) calendar years 2014 and 2015 totalling \$2.46 billion (comprising \$0.97 billion for 2014 and \$1.49 billion for 2015), along with the investment incomes on other parts of the fiscal reserves for the two years, were set aside and retained within the Exchange Fund for the Housing Reserve, and not received in the respective financial years 2014-15 and 2015-16. The Housing Reserve was established in December 2014. As explained in the 2015-16 Budget Speech, the Housing Reserve is to provide financial resources to meet the ten-year public housing supply target. The investment income retained within the Exchange Fund earns the same rate of investment return as stipulated in Note 3(iii). The accumulated investment return was \$0.79 billion up to 31 December 2022 (2021: \$0.66 billion), including the investment return for the calendar year 2022 amounting to \$0.13 billion (2021: \$0.14 billion). As announced in the 2019-20 Budget Speech, the Housing Reserve would be brought back to the Government's accounts and recorded as investment income over four financial years from 2019-20 to 2022-23. At the same time, \$82.37 billion (the balance of the Housing Reserve as at 31 December 2018 which included \$2.79 billion from the Fund) was earmarked for public housing development.

During the financial year 2022-23, \$2.32 billion (2022: \$0.93 billion) was brought back from the Housing Reserve to the Fund and recorded as investment income. As at 31 March 2023, there was no investment income and accumulated investment return (i.e. up to calendar year 2022) not received and recorded by the Fund and retained for the Housing Reserve (2022: \$2.19 billion).

5. Other Cash Movements

These are cash movements arising from changes in other assets and liabilities:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Increase in Assets		
Investments with the Exchange Fund	5,050,338	6,043,497

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Report of the Director of Audit



Disaster Relief Fund

Independent Auditor's Report To the President of the Legislative Council

Opinion

I certify that I have examined and audited the financial statements of the Disaster Relief Fund set out on pages 60 to 65, which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2023, and the statement of receipts and payments for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the financial statements of the Disaster Relief Fund are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) and section 11(1) of the Audit Ordinance (Cap. 122).

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with section 12(1) of the Audit Ordinance and the Audit Commission auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of my report. I have fulfilled the independence and other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those standards. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other information

The Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the Accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the year ended 31 March 2023 published by the Treasury, other than the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Director of Accounting Services' responsibilities for the financial statements

In accordance with section 16(1) of the Public Finance Ordinance, the Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the compilation and supervision of the accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, for the management of accounting operations and procedures, and for ensuring that all regulations, directions or instructions made or given under the Public Finance Ordinance relating thereto and in respect of the safe custody of public moneys and its accounting are complied with.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Disaster Relief Fund's internal control; and

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the Director of Accounting Services.

I communicate with the Director of Accounting Services regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Prof. LAM Chi Yuen Nelson Director of Audit Audit Commission 6th Floor, High Block Queensway Government Offices 66 Queensway Hong Kong

27 October 2023

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Assets			
Investments with the Exchange Fund	3	37,076	71,782
Representing:			
Fund Balance			
Balance at beginning of year		71,782	27,480
(Deficit)/Surplus for the year		(34,706)	44,302
Balance at end of year		37,076	71,782

Notes 1 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Cash and bank balances at beginning of year		-	-
Receipts	4	28,989	73,511
Payments	5	(63,695)	(29,209)
(Deficit)/Surplus for the year		(34,706)	44,302
Other cash movements	6	34,706	(44,302)
Cash and bank balances at end of year		-	-

Notes 1 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated)

1. Purpose and Legislation

The Disaster Relief Fund provides a ready mechanism for Hong Kong to respond swiftly to international appeals for humanitarian aid in relief of disasters that occur outside Hong Kong. It was established with effect from 1 December 1993 by a Resolution (hereinafter referred to as the Resolution) passed by the Legislative Council under section 29(1) of the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) on the same date.

2. Accounting Policy

The accounts of the Disaster Relief Fund are kept on a cash basis. Transactions are recorded when moneys are received or paid.

3. Investments with the Exchange Fund

- (i) These are investments made under paragraph (i) of the Resolution.
- (ii) The investments represent the cost of investments together with the investment income received in the year being reported.
- (iii) The investment income is calculated, in accordance with an arrangement entered into with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority in 2007, on the basis of the average annual investment return of the Exchange Fund's Investment Portfolio for the past six years or the average annual yield of three-year government bond (replacing the three-year Exchange Fund Notes with effect from 1 January 2016) for the previous year subject to a minimum of zero percent, whichever is the higher. The rate of return for the calendar year 2022 was 5.6% (2021: 4.7%). The annual investment income is receivable on 31 December each year.

4. Receipts

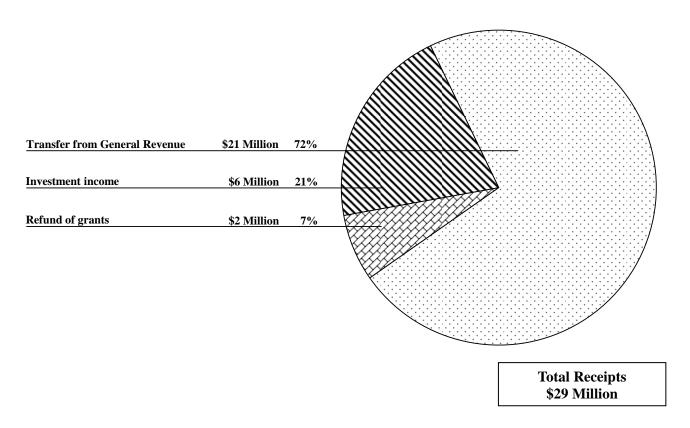
	2023		2022
	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Actual \$'000
Investment income			
Investments with the Exchange Fund (Note (i) below)	7,000	6,298	4,490
Transfer from General Revenue	21,000	21,000	68,000
Refund of grants	-	1,691	1,021
	28,000	28,989	73,511

4. **Receipts** (Continued)

Pursuant to the Financial Secretary's directives, the investment incomes of the Fund for the (i) calendar years 2014 and 2015 totalling \$2.32 million (comprising \$1.06 million for 2014 and \$1.26 million for 2015), along with the investment incomes on other parts of the fiscal reserves for the two years, were set aside and retained within the Exchange Fund for the Housing Reserve, and not received in the respective financial years 2014-15 and 2015-16. The Housing Reserve was established in December 2014. As explained in the 2015-16 Budget Speech, the Housing Reserve is to provide financial resources to meet the ten-year public housing supply target. The investment income retained within the Exchange Fund earns the same rate of investment return as stipulated in Note 3(iii). The accumulated investment return was \$0.74 million up to 31 December 2022 (2021: \$0.63 million), including the investment return for the calendar year 2022 amounting to \$0.11 million (2021: \$0.13 million). As announced in the 2019-20 Budget Speech, the Housing Reserve would be brought back to the Government's accounts and recorded as investment income over four financial years from 2019-20 to 2022-23. At the same time, \$82.37 billion (the balance of the Housing Reserve as at 31 December 2018 which included \$2.64 million from the Fund) was earmarked for public housing development.

During the financial year 2022-23, \$2.06 million (2022: \$1 million) was brought back from the Housing Reserve to the Fund and recorded as investment income. As at 31 March 2023, there was no investment income and accumulated investment return (i.e. up to calendar year 2022) not received and recorded by the Fund and retained for the Housing Reserve (2022: \$1.95 million).

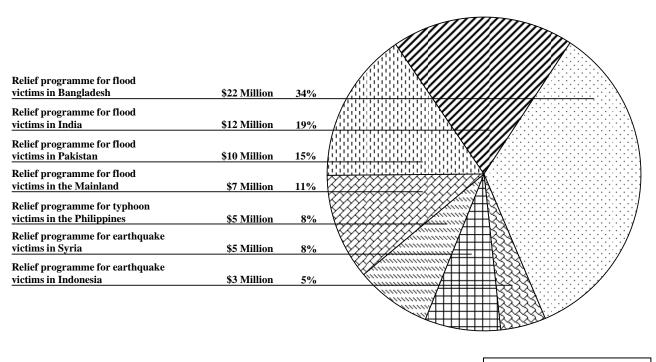
Analysis of Receipts for the year ended 31 March 2023



5. Payments

	2023		2022
	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Actual \$'000
Relief programmes for			
flood victims in Bangladesh	-	21,737	-
flood victims in India	-	11,877	-
flood victims in Pakistan	-	10,175	-
flood victims in the Mainland	-	7,110	8,519
typhoon victims in the Philippines	-	5,349	14,133
earthquake victims in Syria	-	4,740	-
earthquake victims in Indonesia	-	2,707	-
earthquake victims in Haiti	-	-	4,347
drought victims in Kenya		-	2,210
	-	63,695	29,209

Analysis of Payments for the year ended 31 March 2023



Total Payments \$64 Million

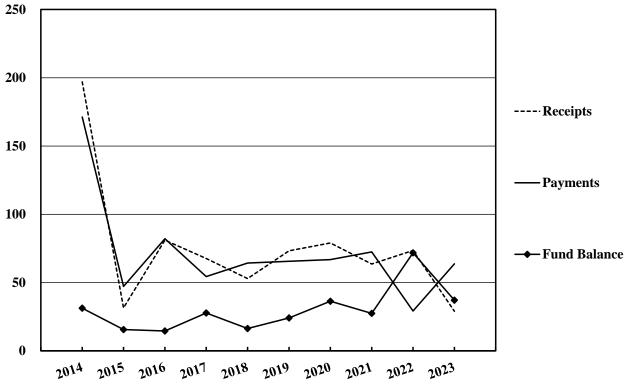
6. Other Cash Movements

These are cash movements arising from changes in other assets and liabilities:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Reduction/(Increase) in Assets		
Investments with the Exchange Fund	34,706	(44,302)

Receipts, Payments and Fund Balance for the years ended 31 March 2014 to 2023





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Report of the Director of Audit



Innovation and Technology Fund

Independent Auditor's Report To the President of the Legislative Council

Opinion

I certify that I have examined and audited the financial statements of the Innovation and Technology Fund set out on pages 70 to 75, which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2023, and the statement of receipts and payments for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the financial statements of the Innovation and Technology Fund are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) and section 11(1) of the Audit Ordinance (Cap. 122).

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with section 12(1) of the Audit Ordinance and the Audit Commission auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of my report. I have fulfilled the independence and other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those standards. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other information

The Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the Accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the year ended 31 March 2023 published by the Treasury, other than the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Director of Accounting Services' responsibilities for the financial statements

In accordance with section 16(1) of the Public Finance Ordinance, the Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the compilation and supervision of the accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, for the management of accounting operations and procedures, and for ensuring that all regulations, directions or instructions made or given under the Public Finance Ordinance relating thereto and in respect of the safe custody of public moneys and its accounting are complied with.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Innovation and Technology Fund's internal control; and

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the Director of Accounting Services.

I communicate with the Director of Accounting Services regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Prof. LAM Chi Yuen Nelson Director of Audit

27 October 2023

Audit Commission 6th Floor, High Block Queensway Government Offices 66 Queensway Hong Kong

Innovation and Technology Fund

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Assets			
Investments with the Exchange Fund	3	27,659,323	25,819,214
Cash and bank balances		32	1
		27,659,355	25,819,215
Representing:			
Fund Balance			
Balance at beginning of year		25,819,215	23,002,892
Surplus for the year		1,840,140	2,816,323
Balance at end of year	4	27,659,355	25,819,215

Notes 1 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

Innovation and Technology Fund

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Cash and bank balances at beginning of year		1	706
Receipts	5	6,483,402	6,463,758
Payments	6	(4,643,262)	(3,647,435)
Surplus for the year		1,840,140	2,816,323
Other cash movements	7	(1,840,109)	(2,817,028)
Cash and bank balances at end of year		32	1

Notes 1 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated)

1. Purpose and Legislation

The Innovation and Technology Fund finances projects that contribute to innovation and technology upgrading in the manufacturing and service industries, as well as those that contribute to the upgrading and development of the manufacturing and service industries. It was established with effect from 30 June 1999 by a Resolution (hereinafter referred to as the Resolution) passed by the Legislative Council under section 29(1) of the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) on the same date.

2. Accounting Policy

The accounts of the Innovation and Technology Fund are kept on a cash basis. Transactions are recorded when moneys are received or paid.

3. Investments with the Exchange Fund

- (i) These are investments made under paragraph 6 of the Resolution.
- (ii) The investments represent the cost of investments together with the investment income received in the year being reported.
- (iii) The investment income is calculated, in accordance with an arrangement entered into with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority in 2007, on the basis of the average annual investment return of the Exchange Fund's Investment Portfolio for the past six years or the average annual yield of three-year government bond (replacing the three-year Exchange Fund Notes with effect from 1 January 2016) for the previous year subject to a minimum of zero percent, whichever is the higher. The rate of return for the calendar year 2022 was 5.6% (2021: 4.7%). The annual investment income is receivable on 31 December each year.

4. Commitments

The approved grants that were unpaid were as follows:

	2023	2022
	\$'000	\$'000
Grants	16,447,096	15,361,416

72

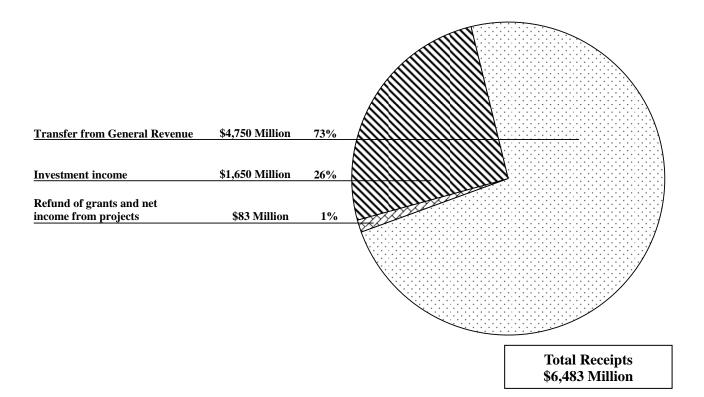
5. Receipts

	2023		2022
	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Actual \$'000
Investment income	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Investments with the Exchange Fund (Note (i) below)	-	1,645,085	1,217,687
Others	-	5,421	6,559
	1,602,000	1,650,506	1,224,246
Net income from projects	86	160	94
Refund of grants	-	82,736	64,418
Transfer from General Revenue	4,750,000	4,750,000	5,175,000
	6,352,086	6,483,402	6,463,758

Pursuant to the Financial Secretary's directives, the investment incomes of the Fund for the calendar (i) years 2014 and 2015 totalling \$97 million (comprising \$57 million for 2014 and \$40 million for 2015), along with the investment incomes on other parts of the fiscal reserves for the two years, were set aside and retained within the Exchange Fund for the Housing Reserve, and not received in the respective financial years 2014-15 and 2015-16. The Housing Reserve was established in December 2014. As explained in the 2015-16 Budget Speech, the Housing Reserve is to provide financial resources to meet the ten-year public housing supply target. The investment income retained within the Exchange Fund earns the same rate of investment return as stipulated in Note 3(iii). The accumulated investment return was \$31 million up to 31 December 2022 (2021: \$26 million), including the investment return for the calendar year 2022 amounting to \$5 million (2021: \$5 million). As announced in the 2019-20 Budget Speech, the Housing Reserve would be brought back to the Government's accounts and recorded as investment income over four financial years from 2019-20 to 2022-23. At the same time, \$82.37 billion (the balance of the Housing Reserve as at 31 December 2018 which included \$111 million from the Fund) was earmarked for public housing development.

During the financial year 2022-23, \$91 million (2022: \$37 million) was brought back from the Housing Reserve to the Fund and recorded as investment income. As at 31 March 2023, there was no investment income and accumulated investment return (i.e. up to calendar year 2022) not received and recorded by the Fund and retained for the Housing Reserve (2022: \$86 million).

Analysis of Receipts for the year ended 31 March 2023



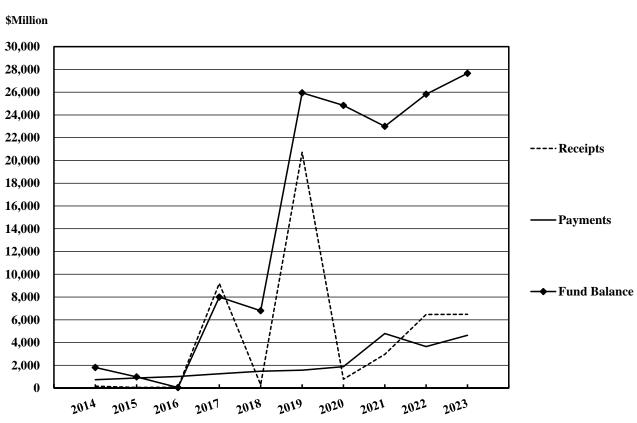
6. Payments

	2023		2022
	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Actual \$'000
Grants	5,884,679	4,643,262	3,647,435

7. Other Cash Movements

These are cash movements arising from changes in other assets and liabilities:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Increase in Assets		
Investments with the Exchange Fund	1,840,109	2,817,028



Receipts, Payments and Fund Balance for the years ended 31 March 2014 to 2023

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Report of the Director of Audit



Land Fund

Independent Auditor's Report To the President of the Legislative Council

Opinion

I certify that I have examined and audited the financial statements of the Land Fund set out on pages 80 to 84, which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2023, and the statement of receipts and payments for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the financial statements of the Land Fund are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) and section 11(1) of the Audit Ordinance (Cap. 122).

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with section 12(1) of the Audit Ordinance and the Audit Commission auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of my report. I have fulfilled the independence and other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those standards. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other information

The Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the Accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the year ended 31 March 2023 published by the Treasury, other than the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Director of Accounting Services' responsibilities for the financial statements

In accordance with section 16(1) of the Public Finance Ordinance, the Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the compilation and supervision of the accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, for the management of accounting operations and procedures, and for ensuring that all regulations, directions or instructions made or given under the Public Finance Ordinance relating thereto and in respect of the safe custody of public moneys and its accounting are complied with.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Land Fund's internal control; and

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the Director of Accounting Services.

I communicate with the Director of Accounting Services regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Prof. LAM Chi Yuen Nelson Director of Audit

27 October 2023

Audit Commission 6th Floor, High Block Queensway Government Offices 66 Queensway Hong Kong

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Assets			
Investments with the Exchange Fund	3	285,141,600	237,867,269
Other investments	4	20,592,115	19,500,000
		305,733,715	257,367,269
Representing:			
Fund Balance			
Balance at beginning of year		257,367,269	219,690,794
Surplus for the year		48,366,446	37,676,475
Balance at end of year	5	305,733,715	257,367,269

Notes 1 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Cash and bank balances at beginning of year		-	-
Receipts	6	48,388,060	37,677,000
Payments	7	(21,614)	(525)
Surplus for the year		48,366,446	37,676,475
Other cash movements	8	(48,366,446)	(37,676,475)
Cash and bank balances at end of year		-	-

Notes 1 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated)

1. Purpose and Legislation

The Land Fund was set up with effect from 1 July 1997 by a Resolution (hereinafter referred to as the Resolution) passed by the then Provisional Legislative Council under section 29(1) of the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) in July 1997. The Hong Kong Monetary Authority has been directed by the Financial Secretary to manage the investment of the Fund's assets. From 1 July 1997 to 31 October 1998, the assets of the Fund were managed as a separate portfolio. From 1 November 1998 to 31 December 2015, the assets of the Fund were merged into the Exchange Fund and invested in the same way as the other fiscal reserves placed with the Exchange Fund. With effect from 1 January 2016, the assets of the Fund have been held as a notional savings account within the fiscal reserves called the Future Fund for placement with the Exchange Fund for securing higher investment returns over a ten-year investment period. In October 2022, the investment period was further extended for five years (Note 3(iv)). Since 2020-21, part of the Future Fund has been allocated for other investments (Note 4).

2. Accounting Policy

The accounts of the Land Fund are kept on a cash basis. Transactions are recorded when moneys are received or paid. The Statement of Assets and Liabilities includes investments made under the Resolution.

3. Investments with the Exchange Fund

- (i) These are investments made under paragraph 7 of the Resolution.
- (ii) The investments represent the cost of investments together with the investment income received in the year being reported.
- (iii) Between 1 April 2007 and 31 December 2015, the investment income was calculated, in accordance with an arrangement entered into with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority in 2007, on the basis of the average annual investment return of the Exchange Fund's Investment Portfolio for the past six years or the average annual yield of three-year Exchange Fund Notes (replaced by three-year government bond with effect from 1 January 2016) for the previous year subject to a minimum of zero percent, whichever was the higher.
- (iv) With effect from 1 January 2016, the assets of the Land Fund have been held as a notional savings account within the fiscal reserves called the Future Fund. The Future Fund balance (other than the part mentioned in Note 4) is placed with the Exchange Fund for securing higher investment returns over a ten-year investment period in accordance with an arrangement entered into with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority in December 2015. In October 2022, the arrangement was extended for a further five-year period. Investment return on the Future Fund placement with the Exchange Fund is determined annually based on a composite rate (-3.0% and 17.8% for the calendar years 2022 and 2021 respectively) computed on a weighted average basis with reference to the agreed rate under the Investment Portfolio (Note (iii) above) and the annual rate of return linked with the performance of the Long-Term Growth Portfolio. The Future Fund, together with investment return not received and compounded on an annual basis, is retained within the Exchange Fund until 31 December 2030 or upon decision of the Financial Secretary for withdrawal, whichever is the earlier. In respect of the Land Fund portion of \$285.14 billion as at 31 March 2023 (2022: \$237.87 billion), such accumulated investment return not received as revenue amounted to \$131.54 billion as at 31 December 2022 (2021: \$165.36 billion), including the investment loss for the calendar year 2022 of \$8.82 billion (2021: investment return of \$57.2 billion). As announced in the 2021-22 Budget Speech, the accumulated investment return on the Future Fund would be brought back to the Government's accounts and recorded as investment income on a progressive basis starting from 2021-22. During the financial year 2022-23, \$35 billion (2022: \$25 billion), being part of the accumulated investment return of \$131.54 billion on the Future Fund attributable to the Land Fund was brought back and recorded as investment income of the Land Fund. Such amount was placed with the Exchange Fund as the principal balance of the Future Fund and subject to the same term as the outstanding tenure of the Future Fund.

4. Other Investments

- (i) In June 2020, in a bid to uphold Hong Kong's status as an international aviation hub, the Financial Secretary exercised his authority under the Resolution to allocate \$27.3 billion of the Land Fund (via the Future Fund) to invest in Cathay Pacific Airways Limited. On 12 August 2020, \$19.5 billion was drawn from the assets of the Land Fund placed with the Exchange Fund for the investment in Cathay Pacific Airways Limited, comprising preference shares with detachable warrants. The investment would remain as a part of the Future Fund (Note 3(iv)). The investment is held by Aviation 2020 Limited, a dedicated company wholly-owned by the Financial Secretary Incorporated as established under the Financial Secretary Incorporation Ordinance (Cap. 1015). On 30 June 2023, Cathay Pacific Airways Limited paid the Government \$1.52 billion to settle the outstanding deferred dividend payments on the preference shares.
- (ii) The Financial Secretary announced in the 2020-21 Budget Speech that part of the Future Fund would be used to establish the Hong Kong Growth Portfolio (HKGP) to make strategic investments in projects with a Hong Kong nexus. The objectives of HKGP are to reinforce Hong Kong's status as a financial, commercial and innovation centre, as well as raising Hong Kong's productivity and competitiveness in the long run, while seeking reasonable risk-adjusted returns.

5. Commitments

As at 31 March 2023, the approved investments that were unpaid amounted to \$14.6 billion (2022: \$7.8 billion).

6. Receipts

	2023	3	2022
	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Actual \$'000
Investment income			
Investments with the Exchange Fund (Note (i) below)	62,390,000	48,388,060	37,677,000

(i) Pursuant to the Financial Secretary's directives, the investment incomes of the Land Fund for the calendar years 2014 and 2015 totalling \$19.99 billion (comprising \$7.91 billion for 2014 and \$12.08 billion for 2015), along with the investment incomes on other parts of the fiscal reserves for the two years, were set aside and retained within the Exchange Fund for the Housing Reserve, and not received in the respective financial years 2014-15 and 2015-16. The Housing Reserve was established in December 2014. As explained in the 2015-16 Budget Speech, the Housing Reserve is to provide financial resources to meet the ten-year public housing supply target. The investment income retained within the Exchange Fund earns the same rate of investment return as stipulated in Note 3(iii). The accumulated investment return was \$6.08 billion up to 31 December 2022 (2021: \$5.37 billion), including the investment return for the calendar year 2022 amounting to \$0.71 billion (2021: \$1.14 billion). As announced in the 2019-20 Budget Speech, the Housing Reserve would be brought back to the Government's accounts and recorded as investment income over four financial years from 2019-20 to 2022-23. The rate of investment return for the calendar year 2022 was 5.6% (2021: 4.7%). At the same time, \$82.37 billion (the balance of the Housing Reserve as at 31 December 2018 which included \$22.7 billion from the Fund) was earmarked for public housing development.

6. **Receipts** (Continued)

During the financial year 2022-23, \$13.39 billion (2022: \$12.68 billion) was brought back from the Housing Reserve to the Fund and recorded as investment income. Such amount was placed with the Exchange Fund as the principal balance of the Future Fund (Note 3(iv)) and subject to the same term as the outstanding tenure of the Future Fund. As at 31 March 2023, there was no investment income and accumulated investment return (i.e. up to calendar year 2022) not received and recorded by the Fund and retained for the Housing Reserve (2022: \$12.68 billion).

7. Payments

	2023		2022
	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Actual \$'000
Operating expenses	79,321	21,614	525

8. Other Cash Movements

These are cash movements arising from changes in other assets and liabilities:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Increase in Assets		
Investments with the Exchange Fund	47,274,331	37,676,475
Other investments	1,092,115	-
	48,366,446	37,676,475

Report of the Director of Audit



Loan Fund

Independent Auditor's Report To the President of the Legislative Council

Opinion

I certify that I have examined and audited the financial statements of the Loan Fund set out on pages 88 to 95, which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2023, and the statement of receipts and payments for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the financial statements of the Loan Fund are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) and section 11(1) of the Audit Ordinance (Cap. 122).

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with section 12(1) of the Audit Ordinance and the Audit Commission auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of my report. I have fulfilled the independence and other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those standards. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other information

The Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the Accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the year ended 31 March 2023 published by the Treasury, other than the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Director of Accounting Services' responsibilities for the financial statements

In accordance with section 16(1) of the Public Finance Ordinance, the Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the compilation and supervision of the accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, for the management of accounting operations and procedures, and for ensuring that all regulations, directions or instructions made or given under the Public Finance Ordinance relating thereto and in respect of the safe custody of public moneys and its accounting are complied with.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Loan Fund's internal control; and

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the Director of Accounting Services.

I communicate with the Director of Accounting Services regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Prof. LAM Chi Yuen Nelson Director of Audit Audit Commission 6th Floor, High Block Queensway Government Offices 66 Queensway Hong Kong

27 October 2023

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Assets			
Loans Outstanding	3		
Housing loans		1,279,808	4,020,626
Education loans		23,791,256	22,359,857
Other loans		10,511,460	10,577,546
		35,582,524	36,958,029
Net Current Assets			
Current Assets			
Investments with the Exchange Fund	4	7,410,084	3,969,552
Cash and bank balances		1,282	2,320
		7,411,366	3,971,872
Current Liabilities			
Deposits	5	(160,297)	(140,488)
		7,251,069	3,831,384
		42,833,593	40,789,413
Representing:			
Total Fund Balance			
Applied Fund	6	35,582,524	36,958,029
Available Fund	7		
Balance at beginning of year		3,831,384	4,255,454
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		3,419,685	(424,070)
Balance at end of year		7,251,069	3,831,384
	8	42,833,593	40,789,413

Notes 1 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Cash and bank balances at beginning of year		2,320	2,201
Receipts	9	5,557,476	2,985,136
Payments	10	(2,137,791)	(3,409,206)
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		3,419,685	(424,070)
Other cash movements	11	(3,420,723)	424,189
Cash and bank balances at end of year		1,282	2,320

Notes 1 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated)

1. Purpose and Legislation

The Loan Fund finances loans and advances for schemes of developments in Hong Kong and loans to students under schemes approved by the Finance Committee. It was established with effect from 1 April 1990 by a Resolution (hereinafter referred to as the Resolution) passed by the Legislative Council under section 29(1) of the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) on 14 March 1990.

2. Accounting Policies

- (i) Subject to (ii) below, the accounts of the Loan Fund are kept on a cash basis. Transactions are recorded when moneys are received or paid.
- (ii) The Statement of Assets and Liabilities is structured to show the overall financial position of the Fund including the total outstanding loans.

3. Loans Outstanding

		2023			2022	
	Housing	Education	Other	Housing	Education	Other
	Loans	Loans	Loans	Loans	Loans	Loans
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at beginning of year	4,020,626	22,359,857	10,577,546	3,743,230	19,795,981	10,597,269
Additions						
Loan payments	177,396	1,791,968	168,427	358,065	2,937,938	113,203
Capitalised interest	17	1	-	34	22	127,195
	177,413	1,791,969	168,427	358,099	2,937,960	240,398
Deductions						
Loan repayments	(2,918,231)	(357,362)	(232,244)	(80,703)	(368,559)	(251,176)
Loans written off	-	(3,208)	(2,269)	-	(5,525)	(8,945)
	(2,918,231)	(360,570)	(234,513)	(80,703)	(374,084)	(260,121)
Balance at end of year	1,279,808	23,791,256	10,511,460	4,020,626	22,359,857	10,577,546

4. Investments with the Exchange Fund

(i) These are investments and deposits held under paragraph 8 of the Resolution:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Investments (Notes (ii) and (iii) below)	7,406,929	3,966,389
Deposits	3,155	3,163
	7,410,084	3,969,552

- (ii) The investments represent the cost of investments together with the investment income received in the year being reported.
- (iii) The investment income is calculated, in accordance with an arrangement entered into with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority in 2007, on the basis of the average annual investment return of the Exchange Fund's Investment Portfolio for the past six years or the average annual yield of three-year government bond (replacing the three-year Exchange Fund Notes with effect from 1 January 2016) for the previous year subject to a minimum of zero percent, whichever is the higher. The rate of return for the calendar year 2022 was 5.6% (2021: 4.7%). The annual investment income is receivable on 31 December each year.

5. Deposits

These are moneys received from time to time from individuals or organisations for a variety of reasons and are in due course either repayable or transferable for credit to the Fund:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$`000
Students	160,200	140,358
Others	97	130
	160,297	140,488

6. Applied Fund

This represents the outstanding loans made from the Fund under paragraph 6 of the Resolution.

7. Available Fund

This represents funds available for making loans under paragraph 6 of the Resolution.

8. Commitments

The commitments under loan schemes operating on revolving and non-revolving bases were as follows:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Approved loans under loan schemes operating on non-revolving basis that were unpaid	1,317,481	1,317,481
Balance of approved loans operating on revolving basis available for granting of new loans	10,329,856	10,438,540
	11,647,337	11,756,021

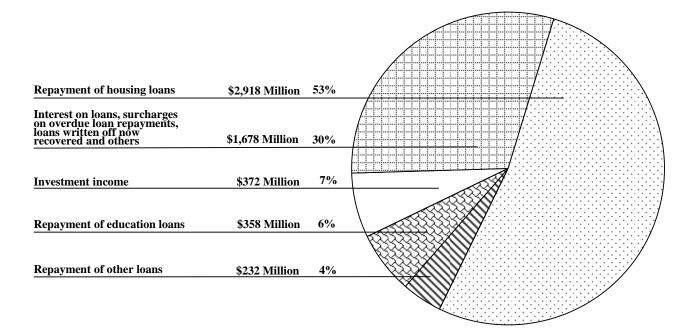
9. Receipts

	2023		2022
	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Actual \$'000
Loan repayments			
Housing loans	147,120	2,918,231	80,703
Education loans	164,112	357,362	368,559
Other loans	670,094	232,244	251,176
	981,326	3,507,837	700,438
Interest on loans	221,969	1,672,466	51,122
Investment income			
Investments with the Exchange Fund (Note (i) below)	-	372,089	230,465
Others	-	193	1
	325,000	372,282	230,466
Surcharges on overdue loan repayments	3,971	4,837	3,071
Loans written off now recovered	-	28	1
Others	-	26	38
Transfer from General Revenue	1,000,000	-	2,000,000
	2,532,266	5,557,476	2,985,136

Pursuant to the Financial Secretary's directives, the investment incomes of the Fund for the (i) calendar years 2014 and 2015 totalling \$168 million (comprising \$52 million for 2014 and \$116 million for 2015), along with the investment incomes on other parts of the fiscal reserves for the two years, were set aside and retained within the Exchange Fund for the Housing Reserve, and not received in the respective financial years 2014-15 and 2015-16. The Housing Reserve was established in December 2014. As explained in the 2015-16 Budget Speech, the Housing Reserve is to provide financial resources to meet the ten-year public housing supply target. The investment income retained within the Exchange Fund earns the same rate of investment return as stipulated in Note 4(iii). The accumulated investment return was \$53 million up to 31 December 2022 (2021: \$44 million), including the investment return for the calendar year 2022 amounting to \$9 million (2021: \$9 million). As announced in the 2019-20 Budget Speech, the Housing Reserve would be brought back to the Government's accounts and recorded as investment income over four financial years from 2019-20 to 2022-23. At the same time, \$82.37 billion (the balance of the Housing Reserve as at 31 December 2018 which included \$190 million from the Fund) was earmarked for public housing development.

During the financial year 2022-23, \$158 million (2022: \$63 million) was brought back from the Housing Reserve to the Fund and recorded as investment income. As at 31 March 2023, there was no investment income and accumulated investment return (i.e. up to calendar year 2022) not received and recorded by the Fund and retained for the Housing Reserve (2022: \$149 million).

Analysis of Receipts for the year ended 31 March 2023

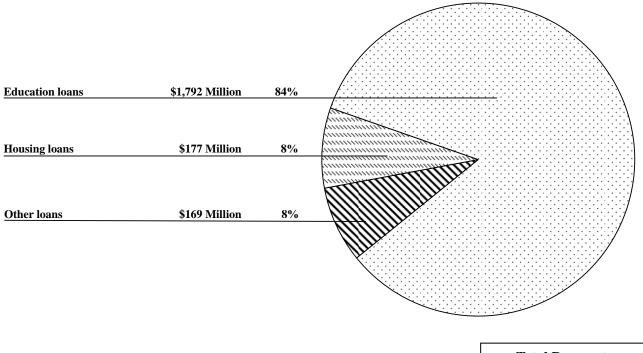


Total Receipts \$5,558 Million

10. Payments

	2023		2022
	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Actual \$'000
Loan payments			
Housing loans	634,000	177,396	358,065
Education loans	1,980,082	1,791,968	2,937,938
Other loans	235,065	168,427	113,203
	2,849,147	2,137,791	3,409,206

Analysis of Payments for the year ended 31 March 2023

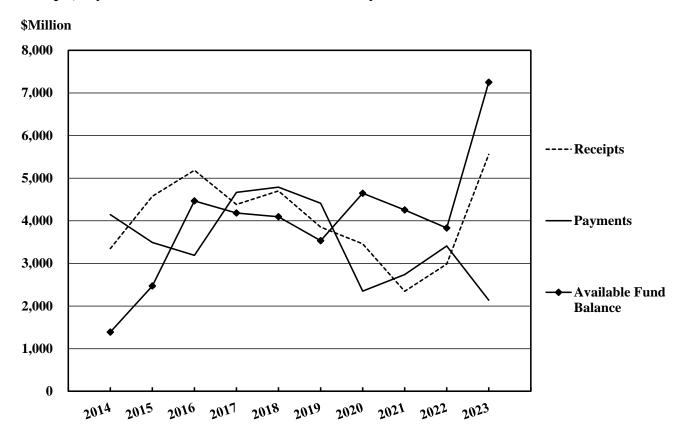


Total Payments \$2,138 Million

11. Other Cash Movements

These are cash movements arising from changes in other assets and liabilities:

2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
(3,440,532)	389,577
19,809	34,612
(3,420,723)	424,189
	\$'000 (3,440,532) <u>19,809</u>



Receipts, Payments and Available Fund Balance for the years ended 31 March 2014 to 2023

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Report of the Director of Audit



Bond Fund

Independent Auditor's Report To the President of the Legislative Council

Opinion

I certify that I have examined and audited the financial statements of the Bond Fund set out on pages 100 to 107, which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2023, and the statement of receipts and payments for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the financial statements of the Bond Fund are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) and section 11(1) of the Audit Ordinance (Cap. 122).

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with section 12(1) of the Audit Ordinance and the Audit Commission auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of my report. I have fulfilled the independence and other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those standards. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other information

The Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the Accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the year ended 31 March 2023 published by the Treasury, other than the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Director of Accounting Services' responsibilities for the financial statements

In accordance with section 16(1) of the Public Finance Ordinance, the Director of Accounting Services is responsible for the compilation and supervision of the accounts of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, for the management of accounting operations and procedures, and for ensuring that all regulations, directions or instructions made or given under the Public Finance Ordinance relating thereto and in respect of the safe custody of public moneys and its accounting are complied with.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bond Fund's internal control; and

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the Director of Accounting Services.

I communicate with the Director of Accounting Services regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Prof. LAM Chi Yuen Nelson Director of Audit

27 October 2023

Audit Commission 6th Floor, High Block Queensway Government Offices 66 Queensway Hong Kong

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
3	251,215,712	210,025,996
4	(9,492)	(276)
	251,206,220	210,025,720
	210,025,720	152,847,535
	41,180,500	57,178,185
5,6	251,206,220	210,025,720
	3 4	\$'000 3 251,215,712 4 (9,492) 251,206,220 210,025,720 41,180,500

Notes 1 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Cash and bank balances at beginning of year		-	-
Receipts	7	81,455,619	78,328,749
Payments	8	(40,275,119)	(21,150,564)
Surplus for the year		41,180,500	57,178,185
Other cash movements	9	(41,180,500)	(57,178,185)
Cash and bank balances at end of year		-	-

Notes 1 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Ms Susanna CHEUNG Director of Accounting Services 25 August 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated)

1. Purpose and Legislation

The Bond Fund was established with effect from 10 July 2009 by a Resolution (hereinafter referred to as the Resolution) passed by the Legislative Council under section 29(1) of the Public Finance Ordinance (Cap. 2) on 8 July 2009. Sums raised under the Government Bond Programme are credited to the Bond Fund. The Hong Kong Monetary Authority has been directed by the Financial Secretary to, inter alia, assist in managing the investment concerning the Bond Fund.

2. Accounting Policies

- (i) The accounts of the Bond Fund are kept on a cash basis. Transactions are recorded when moneys are received or paid. The Statement of Assets and Liabilities of the Fund excludes outstanding liabilities in respect of sums borrowed under paragraph (c)(i) of the Resolution referred to in Note 5 below, and debtors and creditors other than those deposits referred to in Note 4 below.
- (ii) Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates.

3. Investments with the Exchange Fund

- (i) These are investments made under paragraph (e)(ii) of the Resolution.
- (ii) The investments represent the cost of investments together with the investment income received in the year being reported. The investment income is calculated, in accordance with a Memorandum of Understanding entered into with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority in 2014, on the basis of the average annual investment return of the Exchange Fund's Investment Portfolio for the past six years or the average annual yield of three-year government bond for the previous year subject to a minimum of zero percent, whichever is the higher. The rate of return for the calendar year 2022 was 5.6% (2021: 4.7%). The annual investment income is receivable on 31 December each year.

4. Deposits

This represents the accrued interest received from successful bidders on reopened government bonds and is to be paid as part of bond interest on the next interest payment date of the bonds:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Accrued interest received from successful bidders	9,492	276

5. Fund Balance

The Fund Balance includes receipts from sums borrowed for the purposes of the Bond Fund under the Loans Ordinance (Cap. 61) that are required to be credited to the Fund under paragraph (c)(i) of the Resolution. Repayments of the principal in relation to the outstanding liabilities in respect of sums borrowed are included in payments charged to the Fund under paragraphs (e)(i) and (ea)(i) of the Resolution. The liabilities totalling \$213.94 billion as at 31 March 2023 comprising the outstanding bonds with nominal value of \$206.09 billion and alternative bonds with nominal value of US\$1 billion (equivalent to \$7.85 billion as at 31 March 2023) are not included in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities (Note 6).

6. Bonds Outstanding

In accordance with a resolution passed under section 3 of the Loans Ordinance in July 2021, the Government is authorized to borrow from any person from time to time for the purposes of the Bond Fund such sums not exceeding in total \$300 billion or equivalent, being the maximum amount of all borrowings made under paragraph (a) of this resolution that may be outstanding by way of principal at any time. The outstanding liabilities in respect of the sums borrowed under the Government Bond Programme are as follows:

	2023	2022
	\$'000	\$'000
Bonds		
Balance at beginning of year	171,371,480	119,157,000
Issuance of bonds under		
Tender to institutional investors	23,500,000	20,000,000
Subscription to retail investors	45,000,000	50,000,000
Switch tender	2,000,000	-
	70,500,000	70,000,000
Repayment of bonds issued under		
Tender to institutional investors	(28,800,000)	(14,500,000)
Subscription to retail investors	(4,977,840)	(3,285,520)
Switch tender	(2,000,000)	-
	(35,777,840)	(17,785,520)
Balance at end of year	206,093,640	171,371,480
Alternative bonds (Note (i) below)		
Balance at beginning of year	7,827,500	7,776,000
Foreign currency translation difference	22,250	51,500
Balance at end of year (Note (ii) below)	7,849,750	7,827,500
Total outstanding bonds	213,943,390	179,198,980

(i) Alternative bonds are denominated in United States dollars.

(ii) The outstanding alternative bonds are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date.

6. Bonds Outstanding (Continued)

(iii) The maturities of the outstanding bonds are as follows:

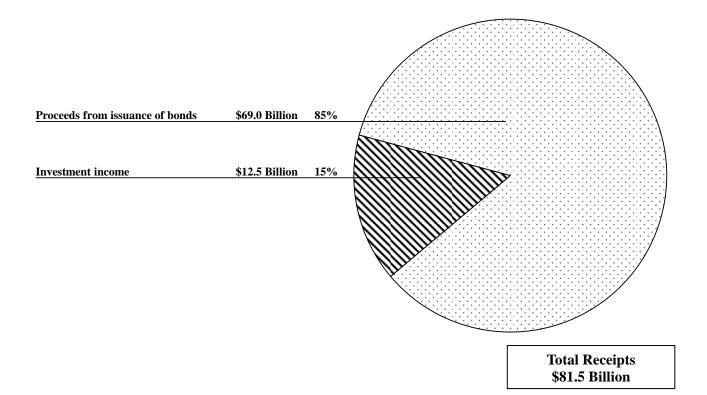
Bonds	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Within one year (Note (iv) below)	39,246,390	31,708,940
After one year but within two years (Note (v) below)	66,315,980	33,808,360
After two years but within five years (Note (vi) below)	75,031,270	78,254,180
After five years	25,500,000	27,600,000
	206,093,640	171,371,480
Alternative bonds (Notes (i) and (ii) above)		
After two years but within five years	7,849,750	7,827,500
Total outstanding bonds	213,943,390	179,198,980

- (iv) The outstanding bonds included Silver Bonds with nominal value of \$14.25 billion (2022: \$2.91 billion) which might be redeemed before maturity upon request from bond holders.
- (v) The outstanding bonds included Silver Bonds with nominal value of \$28.82 billion (2022: \$14.81 billion) which might be redeemed before maturity upon request from bond holders.
- (vi) The outstanding bonds included Silver Bonds with nominal value of \$44.53 billion (2022: \$29.85 billion) which might be redeemed before maturity upon request from bond holders.

7. Receipts

	2023		2022
	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Actual \$'000
Proceeds from bonds issued under			
Tender or subscription	83,000,000	67,124,817	70,101,503
Switch tender	-	1,854,651	-
Bond swap facility	1,000,000	-	-
	84,000,000	68,979,468	70,101,503
Investment income			
Investments with the Exchange Fund	-	12,467,384	8,227,073
Others	-	8,767	173
	10,121,000	12,476,151	8,227,246
	94,121,000	81,455,619	78,328,749

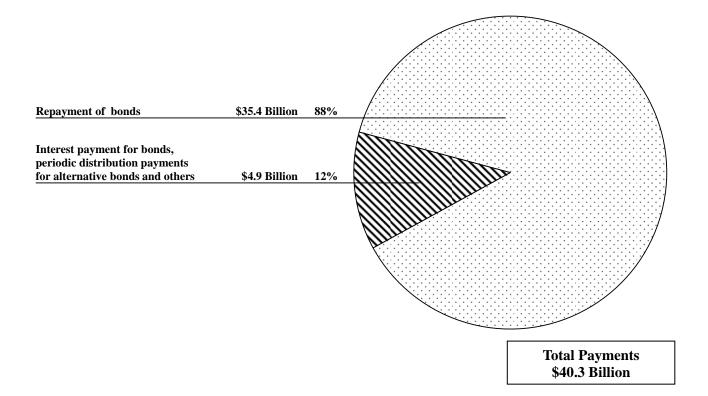
Analysis of Receipts for the year ended 31 March 2023



8. Payments

	2023		2022
	Original Estimate \$'000	Actual \$'000	Actual \$'000
Repayment of bonds issued under			
Tender or subscription	31,503,867	33,777,840	17,785,520
Switch tender	-	1,647,200	-
Bond swap facility	1,000,000	-	-
	32,503,867	35,425,040	17,785,520
Interest payment for bonds	5,237,822	4,536,397	3,022,549
Periodic distribution payments for alternative bonds	244,296	245,690	244,067
Others	119,036	67,992	98,428
	38,105,021	40,275,119	21,150,564

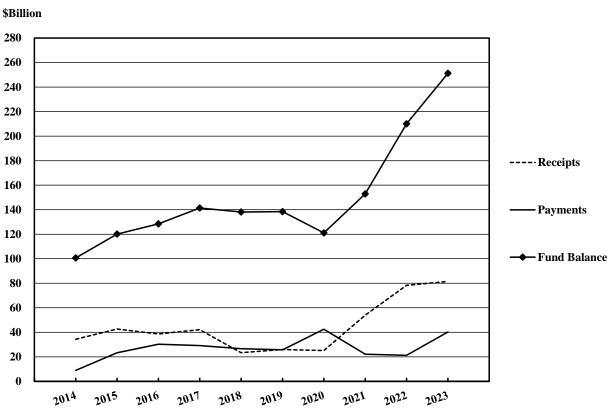
Analysis of Payments for the year ended 31 March 2023



9. Other Cash Movements

These are cash movements arising from changes in other assets and liabilities:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Increase in Assets		
Investments with the Exchange Fund	(41,189,716)	(57,176,775)
Increase/(Reduction) in Liabilities		
Deposits	9,216	(1,410)
	(41,180,500)	(57,178,185)



Receipts, Payments and Fund Balance for the years ended 31 March 2014 to 2023